CITY OF DU QUOIN, ILLINOIS ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For The Year Ended December 31, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Du Quoin, Illinois

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements *Opinions*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Du Quoin, Illinois, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Du Quoin, Illinois' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Du Quoin, Illinois, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Du Quoin, Illinois and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Du Quoin, Illinois' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Du Quoin, Illinois' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Du Quoin, Illinois' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 - 15, the IMRF schedules on pages 63 - 65, the budgetary comparison schedules on pages 66 - 78, and the related notes on pages 79 - 80 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Du Quoin, Illinois' basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund statements and schedules on pages 81 - 95 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 15, 2022, on our consideration of the City of Du Quoin, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Du Quoin, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Du Quoin, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rice Sullivan, LLC

Du Quoin, Illinois June 15, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Du Quoin, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Du Quoin, Illinois, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Du Quoin, Illinois' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 15, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Du Quoin, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Du Quoin, Illinois' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Du Quoin, Illinois' internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items (Finding 3: 2021-3 and Finding 4: 2021-4) to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items (Finding 1: 2021-1 and Finding 2: 2021-2) to be significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Du Quoin, Illinois' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Du Quoin, Illinois' Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Du Quoin, Illinois' response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City of Du Quoin, Illinois' response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

Kice Jullian LC

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rice Sullivan, LLC

Du Quoin, Illinois June 15, 2022

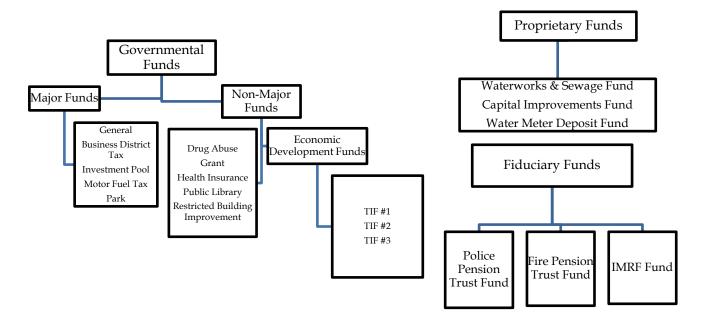


Management Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2021

The City Council of the City of Du Quoin, Illinois offers this overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information in conjunction with the accompanying accounting information.

Financial Structure and Organization

The City's financial activity happens in three main fund types, Governmental, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Funds. Governmental Funds account for all that is tax supported. Proprietary Funds account for business activities such as providing water. Fiduciary Funds account for investments managed by the Police and Fire Pension Boards to provide pension plans to retired employees. The former two of three fund types can be further reduced to Major and Non-Major or Restricted Funds. Major Funds support general operations of the City, whereas Non-Major or Restricted Funds support specific purposes. The City's financial structure can be illustrated as follows:



Major Governmental Funds includes the General Fund, Business District Tax Fund, Investment Pool Fund, Motor Fuel Tax Fund, and Park Fund. The General Fund provides for the Administration, Emergency Management, Fire, Police, and Street Departments. These departments are mostly funded through collection of local and state taxes. Roughly 90% of the funding for these Departments is provided by Home Rule and Municipal sales taxes, Income, Local Use, Personal Property Replacement, Phone, and Utility taxes. The remainder is funded by smaller sources of revenue collected by the City such as Franchise, Liquor License and Permit fees, and fines.

Financial Structure and Organization

The Business Tax District is established along the Route 51 corridor and generates revenues through the imposition of a half-cent sales tax. This revenue is used to create new businesses, expand existing businesses, and to fund public infrastructure projects in the Business District.

The Investment Pool Fund consists of one checking account and one IL Funds account for contingencies. The revenues in this fund are Video Gaming tax and interest.

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund provides for the maintenance and major repairs of the City's roads in accordance with the State Motor Fuel Tax Program. It is funded almost exclusively by the State allotments of motor fuel tax.

The Park Fund provides for the operation and maintenance of the City swimming pool, and Keyes and Pettiford Parks. It shares many of the same revenue sources as the General Fund plus some smaller sources such as swimming pool admissions and concessions.

Proprietary Funds support the Water Department and Wastewater Treatment Plant. This division of the City's operations is more like a business. Consumption of water and discharge of sewage is billed at a rate that generates enough revenue to cover the cost of supplying these services. Leachate Processing and Water Tap charges, and Reconnection fees also compliment Water and Sewer receipts. The Water and Sewer Capital Improvements Fund is another savings fund to be used for the expansion, improvement, and repair of the City's Water and Sewer systems. It is funded by a portion of the service charge on all bills.

Fiduciary Funds is the last of the three main fund types. It includes the Police, Fire, and IMRF Pension Trust Funds that provide for pension benefits. They are funded by employer and employee contributions. Employer contributions are made by levying real estate taxes.

The next subset of funds is the Non-Major or Restricted Funds. These Funds are smaller in size and scope than the Major Funds. They are used only for specific purposes within the City's operations, which could be one-time grants or projects, or continuing activities that have a particular purpose. They are as follows.

The Drug Abuse Fund supports the Police Department through fines collected from drug and drunken driving arrests. This fund purchases most of the City's Police cars.

The Grant Fund was created to report the collection and flow through payments of federal funds to provide assistance to local businesses affected by the Coronavirus pandemic.

The Health Insurance Fund was created in 2017 when the City switched insurance carriers for its group health plan. This change resulted in annual savings north of \$200,000 which funds it. The Fund can be used for self-insuring differences in plan benefit levels and mitigating premium increases so long as the balance is greater than \$156,000.

The Public Library Fund provides for the operation of the Du Quoin Public Library. The City accounts for the Library's funds but does not manage them. The Library Board is responsible for levying their own Real Estate taxes, preparing their own budget, and approving expenditures.

Financial Structure and Organization

The Restricted Building Improvement Fund housed loan proceeds of \$225,000 to replace the roof, tuck-point, and paint City Hall. The residual amount from completing these projects remains for future building needs.

The Hotel Tax Fund is a pass through to fund activities of the Du Quoin Tourism Commission such as Holiday Lights, Concerts in the Park, and the Fall Festival.

Lastly, there is a collective set of Restricted Funds whose purpose is to support economic development in the City. This set is referred to as the Economic Development Funds and is comprised of the Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Districts 1, 2, and 3.

Each TIF District has an established area with a base assessed valuation. As properties develop with TIF assistance, the equalized assessed valuation (EAV) of those properties increases. The difference between the increased EAV and the base generate additional property tax revenues to be used in the TIF District. These revenues can be used to reimburse businesses for redevelopment projects and to fund public infrastructure projects in the TIF District.

Financial Highlights

For the year ended December 31, 2021, revenues for the governmental activities totaled \$6,353,591, expenses totaled \$12,419,488, net transfers were \$5,256, resulting in a total change in net position of (6,060,641). An alternative measure of the City's financial position is the modified accrual basis of accounting. According to this measure, revenues for the governmental funds totaled \$14,553,625, expenditures totaled \$13,093,525, net transfers were \$5,256, resulting in a net change in fund balance of \$1,465,356. The difference between the two measures is due to fund balance reports capital outlays as expenditures, uses bond proceeds as current financial resources, and defers expenditures. In 2020, 2019, and 2018, the total net change in fund balance was \$586,941, (\$440,716), and \$553,370, respectively. From 2017 through 2020, the collective total net change in fund balance was \$2,164,951.

Using the modified accrual basis of accounting, General Fund revenues increased from \$5,728,061 in 2020 to \$13,083,445 in 2021 for an increase of \$7,355,384 or 128.41%. This increase is due to the issuance of general obligation bonds of \$7,665,000 to fund the police and fire pensions. Expenditures increased from \$5,147,018 in 2020 to \$23,335,831 in 2021 for an increase of \$7,188,813 or 139.67% due to the pension contributions of \$2,861,834 to the police pension and \$4,089,060 to the fire pension. Net transfers were (\$511,411). The increase in General Fund revenues resulted in a surplus of \$236,203.

Using the cash basis of accounting, General Fund revenues were \$13,532,805 against expenditures of \$12,284,060 and net transfers of (\$511,411) for a surplus of \$737,334. There were budget variances of \$8,690,052 on revenues and (\$7,415,214) on expenditures. The better-than-expected revenues were due to the issuance of general obligations bond, which were not factored into the budget. Expenditures were worse than expected due to the pension payments of \$6,950,894 made to the police and fire pensions.

Financial Highlights

Business District Tax Fund had revenues of \$387,911, which is a \$127,689 increase from last year's total revenues of \$260,222. This increase was due to the deposit of all of the business district sales tax revenues. The budget variance in revenues was \$14,051. Expenditures were down (\$43,752) from the previous year amount of \$116,966. The City paid out accelerated payments last year on business contracts. The expenditure budget variance was \$289,346. Net transfers totaled \$108,088, resulting in a surplus of \$422,785.

Investment Pool Fund had revenues of \$206,150 and expenditures of \$0 and net transfers of \$500,924 for a surplus of \$707,074. The Fund had a revenues variance of \$95,136 from the budget due to Video Gaming Tax being over budget. The money transferred in was from the general bond obligations issuance.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund had revenues of \$371,253 and expenditures of \$197,968 and net transfers of (\$146,724) for a surplus of \$26,561. The Fund had a revenues variance of \$67,001 from the budget due to the new motor fuel tax allotments tax increase. Motor Fuel Tax increased \$8,074 or 3.50% year over year. Expenditures were better than expected, with a budget variance of \$72,032.

Park Fund had revenues of \$131,236 versus expenditures of \$81,528 and net transfers of \$54,358 for a surplus of \$104,066. This surplus was largely due to the pool reopening after the pandemic. The Fund had a revenue variance of (\$3,379) and an expenditure variance of \$34,590. This Fund continues to provide for the City's pool and parks that many families use and enjoy.

Proprietary Funds revenues increased from \$2,752,880 in 2020 to \$2,865,209 in 2021 for an increase of \$112,329 or 4.08%. This increase in revenues was largely due to an increase in water and sewer rates charged to each customer.

The City continues to support the Fiduciary Funds by levying real estate taxes by the full or greater amount requested by the Police, Fire, and IMRF Pension Boards. The Illinois Department of Insurance and Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund determines these amounts to get the Pension Funds 90% funded by 2040. For 2021, the Police Pension Board requested \$387,831. The City levied \$352,819 and received \$323,147. The Fire Pension Board requested \$436,668. The City levied \$399,695 and received \$366,080. The City issued general obligation bonds of \$7,665,000 to help fund the police and fire pensions. The Police Pension Board received \$2,861,834 and the Fire Pension Board received \$4,089,060. The Police and Fire Pension Funds are 88% and 85% funded, respectively.

Restricted Funds continue to be used constructively and for the purposes that they were intended for. The following Restricted Funds had a surplus in 2021: Business District Tax Fund, Investment Pool Fund, Motor Fuel Tax Fund, Park Fund, Drug Abuse Fund, Public Library Fund, Restricted Building Improvement Fund, and TIF #2 Fund,. The following had a deficit: Health Insurance Fund, TIF #1 Fund, TIF #3 Fund, and Tourism Hotel Tax Fund. The Restricted Funds collectively had a surplus of \$1,229,153. Cash balances for the Restricted Funds increased \$751,162, or 49.47%, from 2020.

The Economic Development Funds continue to assist businesses, provide for public projects, and perpetually grow. In 2020, TIF Funds spent \$190,946 in business developments and \$19,489 in infrastructure improvements. TIF Funds had combined revenues of \$181,570 versus expenditures of \$210,435 and net transfers of \$0 for a deficit of (\$28,865). Combined TIF revenues were \$3,058 less than 2020 due to a decrease in property taxes collected. Expenditures decreased by \$98,653 in 2021 due to less business conducted in TIF #1.

Financial Highlights

The General Fund reported \$385,800 in unearned revenue for the year ended December 31, 2021. This amount represented American Rescue Plan Act Relief federal grant funds that had been received but not yet spent.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

At the end of December 31, 2021, the City had the following capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):

	Governmental		Bu	siness-Type	
	-	Activities		Activities	
Land	\$	50,500	\$	0	
Project in Progress		0		51,628	
Buildings and Plants		3,668,631		8,468,732	
Land Improvements		2,346,988		2,753,649	
Machinery and Equipment		2,350,114		1,082,014	
Vehicles		1,618,664		96,912	
Accumulated Depreciation	-	(7,536,334)		(6,239,898)	
Total	\$	2,498,063	\$	6,213,037	

The Governmental Activities had capital outlays of \$152,030 during the year. The General Fund purchased a 2018 Case 580S backhoe for \$95,150. The General Fund purchased a new trailer for \$2,366, thermal image cameras for \$39,714, and surveillance cameras for \$14,800. The General Fund traded in a 2006 Case Backhoe for \$42,000. This equipment was depreciated out so the trade in value is recognized as the gain. Depreciation expense was \$352,878 and broken down by functions as follows: General Government \$166,148, Public Safety \$130,700, Services \$27,033, and Transportation \$28,997.

The Waterworks and Sewage Fund purchased a 420 Backhoe for \$98,710, a Ford F-150 for \$24,645, and a Ford F-250 for \$34,802. The Capital Improvement Fund capitalized engineering expenses of \$51,628. The depreciation for the year was \$398,910. No assets were sold during the year.

Debt Administration

At year-end, the General Fund had an outstanding loan of \$93,101 with Banterra Bank for their current building roof. The loan matures in September 2025 and is unsecured. The applicable interest rate is 2.44%. The City paid \$23,415 in principal and \$2,613 in interest during the year. \$24,024 represents the amount that is due within a year.

At year-end, the General Fund had an outstanding loan of \$40,625 with Prospect Bank for a 2018 Case 580S backhoe. The City financed \$53,450 during the year. The loan matures in November 2024 and is secured by the backhoe. The applicable interest rate is 2.69%. The City paid \$12,825 in principal and \$1,371 in interest during the year. \$13,177 represents the amount that is due within a year.

At year-end, the Waterworks and Sewage had an outstanding loan of \$74,043 with SIBCC. The loan matures in April 2024 and is unsecured. The applicable interest rate is 4.00%. The City paid \$24,909 in principal and \$5,670 in interest during the year. \$29,143 represents the amount that is due within a year.

Debt Administration

At year-end, the Waterworks and Sewage had an outstanding loan of \$20,186 with Ford Credit for a 2020 Ford F-150. The City financed \$24,645 during the year. The loan matures in January 2026 and is secured by the truck. The applicable interest rate is 5.99%. The City paid \$4,459 in principal and \$1,229 in interest during the year. \$4,209 represents the amount that is due within a year.

At year-end, the Waterworks and Sewage had an outstanding loan of \$30,071 with Ford Credit for a 2021 Ford F-250. The City financed \$34,802 during the year. The loan matures in April 2026 and is secured by the truck. The applicable interest rate is 5.99%. The City paid \$4,731 in principal and \$1,292 in interest during the year. \$5,856 represents the amount that is due within a year.

At year-end, the Capital Improvements Fund had an outstanding loan of \$1,962,045 with the Illinois Environmental Agency for water system improvements. The loan matures in August 2026 and is unsecured. The applicable interest rate is 2.50%. The City paid \$363,999 in principal and \$55,890 in interest during the year. \$373,156 represents the amount that is due within a year.

At year-end, the Capital Improvements Fund had an outstanding loan of \$434,440 with the Illinois Environmental Agency for water system improvements. The loan matures in October 2033 and is unsecured. The applicable interest rate is 2.295%. The City paid \$31,116 in principal and \$10,507 in interest during the year. \$31,834 represents the amount that is due within a year.

At year-end, the Waterworks and Sewage had an outstanding loan of \$78,710 with car Financial for a 420 backhoe. The City financed \$78,710 during the year. The loan matures in December 2026 and is secured by the backhoe. The applicable interest rate is 3.18%. The City paid \$0 in principal and \$0 in interest during the year. \$14,764 represents the amount that is due within a year.

On July 8, 2021, the City issued \$7,665,000 in general obligation bonds to fund the police and fire pensions. The goal is to get each pension to 90% funded. Of the \$7,665,000 bond proceeds, the City contributed \$2,861,834 to the police pension, \$4,089,060 to the fire pension, \$500,924 is being held in the investment pool fund, and \$213,182 was for bond issuance costs. The bonds mature on December 1, 2040. Repayment of these bonds will be through a tax levy ordinance. The applicable interest rates vary from 0.30% to 3.00%. The City paid \$360,000 in principal and \$59,200 in interest during the year. \$335,000 represents the amount that is due within a year. \$6,970,000 represents the long term portion of the bonds.

2021 Budget

The 2021 Budget has budgeted revenues of \$9,306,836 and expenditures of \$9,228,680, respectively for a budgeted surplus of \$78,156. This is an increase in budgeted revenues of \$510,174 and expenditures of \$693,218 from 2020.

There are surpluses budgeted in the Business District Tax Fund, Investment Pool Fund Motor Fuel Tax Fund, Park Fund, Drug Abuse Fund, TIF #2 Fund, TIF #3 Fund, Waterworks & Sewage Fund, and Water Meter Deposit Fund.

There are deficits budgeted in the General Fund, Public Library Fund, Health Insurance Fund, Restricted Building Improvement Fund, TIF #1 Fund, and Capital Improvements Fund. A list of funds that had expenditures in excess of their budget can be found in the Notes to the Required Supplementary Information.

Requests for Information

This financial report was created to provide a basic overview of the City of Du Quoin's financial activities for those interested. Any questions concerning the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Clerk's Office at 302 East Poplar Street, Du Quoin, Illinois 62832.

Management's Discussion and Analysis for the City of Du Quoin for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, was compiled by information provided by Budget and Finance Director Ruth Hale.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\sim		4 1	
1 -0.1	vornm	antal	l Activities
110	<i>,</i> C	CILLAI	

Go ver miliental ricer vices					
	2021		2020	% Change	
			_		
\$	5,052,404	\$	3,168,170	59.47%	
	2,498,563		2,699,411	-7.44%	
	7,550,967		5,867,581	28.69%	
				0.00%	
	929,428		161,426	475.76%	
	7,299,786		323,761	2154.68%	
	8,229,214		485,187	1596.09%	
				0.00%	
	2,364,837		2,582,895	-8.44%	
	3,341,876		2,113,223	58.14%	
	(6,384,960)		686,276	-1030.38%	
\$	(678,247)	\$	5,382,394	-112.60%	
	\$	\$ 5,052,404 2,498,563 7,550,967 	\$ 5,052,404 \$ 2,498,563 7,550,967	\$ 5,052,404 \$ 3,168,170 2,498,563 2,699,411 7,550,967 5,867,581 	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - Concluded

	Governmental Activities					
	2021			2020	% Change	
Revenue						
Program Revenue:						
Charges for Services	\$	138,481	\$	133,090	4.05%	
Operating Grants & Contributions		333,441		452,683	-26.34%	
Capital Grants & Contributions		25,300		-	100.00%	
General Revenue:						
Taxes		2,752,161		2,080,350	32.29%	
Intergovernmental		2,977,947		2,548,878	16.83%	
Interest Income		2,593		2,980	-12.99%	
Miscellaneous		123,668		87,531	41.28%	
Total Revenue		6,353,591		5,305,512	19.75%	
Expenses						
General Government		1,892,401		1,764,607	7.24%	
Public Safety		2,330,812		2,279,958	2.23%	
Services		221,506		166,829	32.77%	
Transportation		876,550		661,836	32.44%	
Interest on Long-term Debt		63,184		6,475	875.81%	
Pension Expense		7,035,035		88,424	7856.02%	
Total Expenses		12,419,488		4,968,129	149.98%	
Operating Transfers, Net		5,256		5,898	-10.89%	
Change in Net Position		(6,060,641)		343,281	-1865.50%	
Beginning Net Position		5,382,394		5,039,113	6.81%	
Ending Net Position	\$	(678,247)	\$	5,382,394	-112.60%	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Business-Type Activities	S
---------------------------------	---

	2021	•	2020	% Change
Assets				
Current Assets	\$ 1,351,120	\$	1,138,781	18.65%
Non-Current Assets				
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	6,213,037		6,402,162	-2.95%
Total Assets	 7,564,157		7,540,943	0.31%
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
None			-	0.00%
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities	603,988		598,265	0.96%
Non-Current Liabilities	2,211,959		2,515,074	-12.05%
Total Liabilities	 2,815,947		3,113,339	-9.55%
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
None			-	0.00%
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,613,542		3,511,610	2.90%
Restricted	-		-	0.00%
Unrestricted (Deficit)	1,134,668		915,994	23.87%
Total Net Position	\$ 4,748,210	\$	4,427,604	7.24%

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - Concluded

	Business-Type Activities				
	2021			2020	% Change
Revenue					
Program Revenue:					
Charges for Services	\$	2,863,325	\$	2,694,616	6.26%
Operating Grants & Contributions		1,798		58,202	-96.91%
General Revenue:					
Interest Income		86		62	38.71%
Total Revenue		2,865,209		2,752,880	4.08%
Expenses					
Waterworks & Sewage Fund		2,079,880		2,078,201	0.08%
Capital Improvements Fund		323,041		339,070	-4.73%
Interest on Long-Term Debt		74,588		76,031	-1.90%
Pension Expense		61,838		60,135	2.83%
Total Expenses		2,539,347		2,553,437	-0.55%
Operating Transfers, Net		(5,256)		(5,898)	10.89%
Change in Net Position		320,606		193,545	65.65%
Beginning Net Position		4,427,604		4,234,059	4.57%
Ending Net Position	\$	4,748,210	\$	4,427,604	7.24%



Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2021

Primary Government	
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	Governmental			Business-Type	<u>.</u>		
	I	Activities		Activities		Total	
Assets							
Current Assets							
Cash	\$	1,415,587	\$	1,174,589	\$	2,590,176	
Cash (Restricted)		1,903,389		-		1,903,389	
Investments, at cost		660,879		-		660,879	
Due from State of Illinois		760,316		-		760,316	
Accounts Receivable		-		176,531		176,531	
Due from Other Governments		312,233		-		312,233	
Total Current Assets		5,052,404		1,351,120	,	6,403,524	
Non-Current Assets							
Property, Plant, and Equipment							
Non-Depreciable		50,500		51,628		102,128	
Depreciable (Net)		2,448,063		6,161,409		8,609,472	
Total Non-Current Assets		2,498,563		6,213,037		8,711,600	
Total Assets		7,550,967		7,564,157	-	15,115,124	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		-		_		_	
				_			
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities							
Accounts Payable		107,008		62,267		169,275	
Other Payables		31,094		72,555		103,649	
Unearned Revenue		385,800		-		385,800	
Accrued Absences		33,325		10,204		43,529	
Loans and Leases Payable		37,201		458,962		496,163	
Bonds Payable		335,000		-		335,000	
Total Current Liabilities		929,428		603,988		1,533,416	
Non-Current Liabilities							
Accrued Absences		233,261		71,426		304,687	
Loans and Leases Payable		96,525		2,140,533		2,237,058	
Bonds Payable		6,970,000		-		6,970,000	
Total Non-Current Liabilities		7,299,786		2,211,959		9,511,745	
Total Liabilities		8,229,214		2,815,947		11,045,161	
Deferred Inflows of Resources						<u>-</u>	
Net Position							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		2,364,837		3,613,542		5,978,379	
Restricted		3,341,876		- , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		3,341,876	
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(6,384,960)		1,134,668		(5,250,292)	
Total Net Position	\$	(678,247)	\$	4,748,210	\$	4,069,963	
		(-, -,, /)	*	,,,= 10		,,-	

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		P	rogram Revenu	es	Net (Expenses) Changes in		
			Operating	Capital	Primary G	overnment	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	Total
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Reporting Entity
Functions/Programs							
Primary Government							
Governmental Activities							
General Government	\$ 1,892,401	\$ 46,319	\$ 166,922	\$ -	\$ (1,679,160)	\$ -	\$ (1,679,160)
Public Safety	2,330,812	63,052	20,920	25,300	(2,221,540)	-	(2,221,540)
Services	221,506	29,110	11,397	-	(180,999)	-	(180,999)
Transportation	876,550	-	134,202	-	(742,348)	-	(742,348)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	63,184	-	-	-	(63,184)	-	(63,184)
Pension Expense	7,035,035			-	(7,035,035)		(7,035,035)
Total Governmental Activities	12,419,488	138,481	333,441	25,300	(11,922,266)		(11,922,266)
Business-Type Activities							
Waterworks & Sewage Fund	2,079,880	2,863,325	1,798	-	-	785,243	785,243
Capital Improvements Fund	323,041	-	-	_	_	(323,041)	(323,041)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	74,588	-	-	-	-	(74,588)	(74,588)
Pension Expense	61,838					(61,838)	(61,838)
Total Business-Type Activities	2,539,347	2,863,325	1,798			325,776	325,776
Total Primary Government	\$ 14,958,835	\$ 3,001,806	\$ 335,239	\$ 25,300	\$ (11,922,266)	\$ 325,776	\$ (11,596,490)
	General Revenue	es:					
	Taxes:				e 222.162	6	6 772.167
	Property Tax				\$ 772,167	\$ -	\$ 772,167
	Local Sales	lax			1,444,400	-	1,444,400
	Hotel Tax				31,301	-	31,301
	Utility Tax				458,136	-	458,136
	Franchise Ta				46,157	-	46,157
	Intergovernme						
	Replacemen				92,291	-	92,291
		cupation Tax			1,362,269	-	1,362,269
	Income and	Use Tax			1,059,419	-	1,059,419
	Allotments				239,363	-	239,363
	Gaming Tax				197,212	-	197,212
	Other				27,393	-	27,393
	Interest Income	e			2,593	86	2,679
	Miscellaneous				123,668	_	123,668
	Total General Re	evenues			5,856,369	86	5,856,455
						(5,256)	5,856,455
	Total General Re	nsfers, Net			5,856,369		5,856,455
	Total General Re Operating Tran	nsfers, Net osition osition			5,856,369 5,256	(5,256)	-

Balance Sheet

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2021

					M	ajor Funds					
		General		Business District	т	nvestment	Motor Fuel	Park	Non-Major Sovernmental	G	Total overnmental
		Fund		Tax Fund		Pool Fund	Tax Fund	Fund	Funds	GC	Funds
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources											
Assets											
Cash	\$	1,049,372	\$	-	\$	366,215	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,415,587
Cash (Restricted)		-		733,387		-	500,090	193,305	476,607		1,903,389
Investments, at cost		-		-		654,002	-	-	6,877		660,879
Due From State of Illinois		649,600		70,578		16,598	22,717	-	823		760,316
Due from Other Governments		-		-		-	 <u>-</u>	312,233	-		312,233
Total Assets		1,698,972		803,965		1,036,815	522,807	 505,538	 484,307		5,052,404
Deferred Outflows of Resources				-		-	 	 -	 		
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,698,972	\$	803,965	\$	1,036,815	\$ 522,807	\$ 505,538	\$ 484,307	\$	5,052,404
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund	Balance	e									
Liabilities											
Accounts Payable	\$	96,275	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 171	\$ 10,562	\$	107,008
Other Payables		30,771		-		-	-	-	323		31,094
Unearned Revenue		385,800		-		-	-	-	-		385,800
Total Liabilities		512,846	_	-	_	-	-	171	10,885		523,902
Deferred Inflows of Resources				-		-	 	 _	 		
Fund Balance											
Nonspendable		-		-		-	-	-	-		-
Restricted		-		-		-	522,807	-	252,535		775,342
Committed		-		803,965		-	-	-	125,264		929,229
Assigned		-		-		1,036,815	-	505,367	95,623		1,637,805
Unassigned		1,186,126		-		-	 <u>-</u>	-	-		1,186,126
Total Fund Balance		1,186,126		803,965		1,036,815	522,807	 505,367	473,422		4,528,502
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows											
of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	1,698,972	\$	803,965	\$	1,036,815	\$ 522,807	\$ 505,538	\$ 484,307	\$	5,052,404

Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	\$ 4,528,502
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets differ because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	2,498,563
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	-
Long-term liabilities for pension obligations that are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	-
Long-term liabilities for accrued absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(266,586)
Long-term liabilities for bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	 (7,438,726)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (678,247)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

				Ma	ajor Funds						
			Business					N	on-Major		Total
	(General	District		nvestment	Motor Fuel	Park	Go	vernmental	Go	overnmental
		Fund	 Tax Fund	I	Pool Fund	 Tax Fund	 Fund		Funds		Funds
Revenues											
Taxes	\$	2,537,738	\$ 398,267	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 18,893	\$	278,847	\$	3,233,745
Intergovernmental		2,651,838	-		195,865	373,565	49,610		65,810		3,336,688
Licenses and Permits		40,398	-		-	-	-		-		40,398
Fines and Penalties		31,355	-		-	-	-		33,253		64,608
Revenues from Services		5,741	-		-	-	22,704		5,030		33,475
Interest Income		515	1,234		567	125	-		152		2,593
Other		7,815,860	-		19,426		1,000		5,832		7,842,118
Total Revenues		13,083,445	 399,501		215,858	 373,690	 92,207		388,924		14,553,625
Expenditures											
Current											
General Government		1,881,826	73,214		-	-	-		285,398		2,240,438
Public Safety		9,154,007	-		-	-	-		12,259		9,166,266
Services		_	-		-	-	81,699		115,635		197,334
Transportation		688,544	-		-	189,489	-		-		878,033
Capital Outlay		152,030	-		-	-	_		-		152,030
Debt Service		459,424	-		-	-	-		-		459,424
Total Expenditures		12,335,831	 73,214		-	189,489	81,699		413,292		13,093,525
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
Over Expenditures		747,614	326,287		215,858	184,201	10,508		(24,368)		1,460,100
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Operating Transfers In		152,634	108,088		500,924	-	54,358		23,650		839,654
Operating Transfers Out		(664,045)	 		-	 (146,724)	 		(23,629)		(834,398)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(511,411)	 108,088		500,924	 (146,724)	 54,358		21		5,256
Net Change in Fund Balance		236,203	434,375		716,782	37,477	64,866		(24,347)		1,465,356
Beginning Fund Balance		949,923	 369,590		320,033	 485,330	 440,501		497,769		3,063,146
Ending Fund Balance	\$	1,186,126	\$ 803,965	\$	1,036,815	\$ 522,807	\$ 505,367	\$	473,422	\$	4,528,502

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,465,356
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	(200,848)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets to increase net assets.	-
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	-
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.	(7,322,210)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(2,939)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (6,060,641)

Statement of Net Position PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2021

	Water & Se Fu	wage	Capital Improvements Fund		Mete	Water er Deposit Fund	P	Total roprietary Funds
Assets Commont Assets								
Current Assets Cash	\$	850,078	\$	253,885	\$	70,626	\$	1,174,589
Accounts Receivable	Ф	176,531	Ф	233,003	Φ	70,020	Ф	1,174,389
Total Current Assets	1.	,026,609		253,885		70,626		1,351,120
Non-Current Assets								
Property, Plant, and Equipment:								
Non-Depreciable		-		51,628		-		51,628
Depreciable (Net)		649,481		5,511,928				6,161,409
Total Non-Current Assets		649,481		5,563,556				6,213,037
Total Assets	1	,676,090		5,817,441		70,626		7,564,157
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts Payable		62,267		_		-		62,267
Other Payables		8,680		_		63,875		72,555
Accrued Absences		10,204		_		-		10,204
Loans and Leases Payable		53,972		404,990		-		458,962
Total Current Liabilities		135,123		404,990		63,875		603,988
Non-Current Liabilities								
Accrued Absences		71,426		_		_		71,426
Loans and Leases Payable		149,038		1,991,495		_		2,140,533
Total Non-Current Liabilities		220,464		1,991,495				2,211,959
Total Liabilities		355,587		2,396,485		63,875		2,815,947
Deferred Inflows of Resources						<u>-</u>		
Net Position								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		446,471		3,167,071		_		3,613,542
Restricted		-		-,,-,-		_		-,010,012
Unrestricted (Deficit)		874,032		253,885		6,751		1,134,668
Total Net Position	\$ 1.	,320,503	\$	3,420,956	\$	6,751	\$	4,748,210
		, , , , , , ,		, -,		,		, -, -

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Waterworks & Sewage Fund		Im	Capital provements Fund	Meter	ater Deposit and]	Total Proprietary Funds
Operating Revenue								
Water and Sewer Revenue	\$	2,802,464	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,802,464
Leachate Processing		12,843		-		-		12,843
Tap-on Fees		21,867		-		-		21,867
Reconnect Fees		26,151				-		26,151
Total Operating Revenues		2,863,325						2,863,325
Operating Expenses								
Water		1,401,600		-		-		1,401,600
Water Pollution Control Plant		664,212		-		-		664,212
Depreciation		75,869		323,041				398,910
Total Operating Expenses		2,141,681		323,041				2,464,722
Operating Income (Loss)		721,644		(323,041)				398,603
Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses)								
Grant Income		1,798		-		-		1,798
Interest Income		-		43		43		86
Interest Expense		(8,191)		(66,397)		-		(74,588)
Miscellaneous Expense						(37)		(37)
Total Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses)		(6,393)		(66,354)		6		(72,741)
Operating Transfers								
Operating Transfers In		-		559,561		1,325		560,886
Operating Transfers Out		(566,142)				-		(566,142)
Total Operating Transfers		(566,142)		559,561		1,325		(5,256)
Net Income (Loss)		149,109		170,166		1,331		320,606
Beginning Net Position		1,171,394		3,250,790		5,420		4,427,604
Ending Net Position	\$	1,320,503	\$	3,420,956	\$	6,751	\$	4,748,210

CITY OF DU QUOIN, ILLINOIS Statement of Cash Flows PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

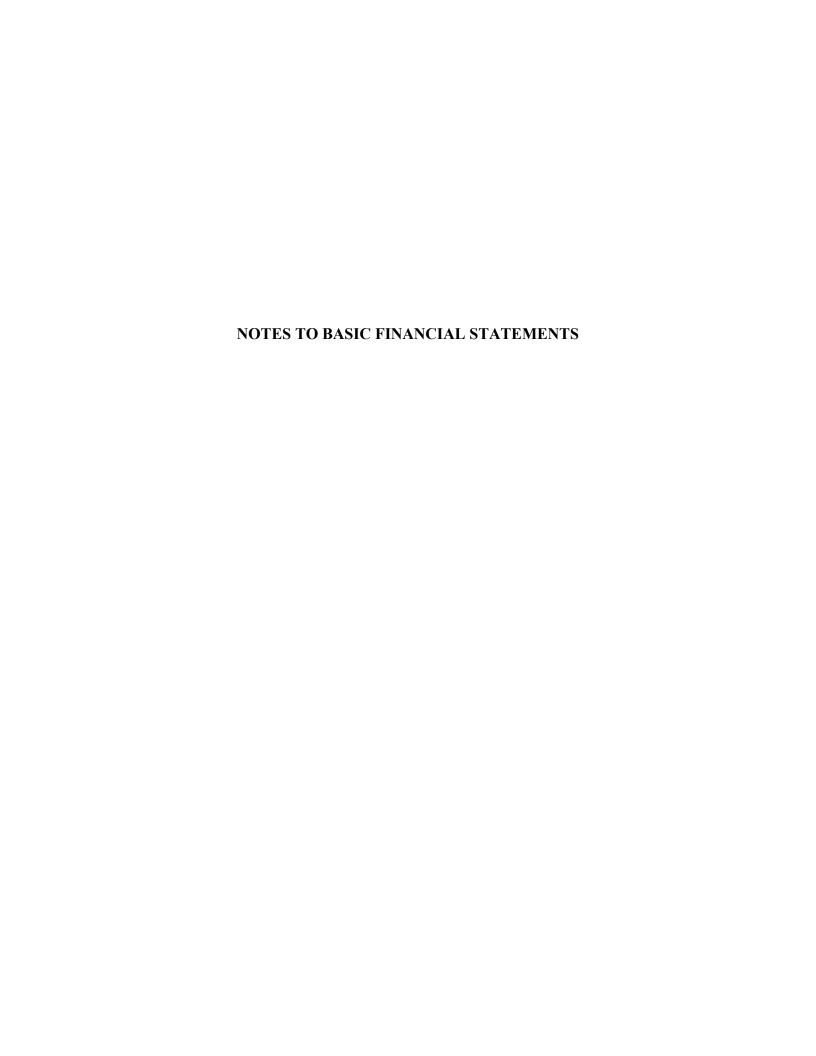
Part				Ma	ajor Funds				
Pagments to Employees			& Sewage	Im	provements		er Deposit		Proprietary
Payments to Employees	Cash Flows from Operating Activities:								
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	Receipts from Customers	\$, ,	\$	-	\$	12,450	\$, ,
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Misscellaneous			(787,990)				-		(787,990)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: 1,798					-				
1,798	Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities		753,125		-		(405)		752,720
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:								
Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	Miscellaneous		1,798		-		(37)		1,761
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of Capital Assets (158,157) (51,628) - (209,785) Debt Issuance 138,157 - - 138,157 Interest on Loans (8,191) (66,397) - (74,588) Loan Principal Retired (34,099) (395,115) - (429,214) Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities: - 43 43 86 Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities - 43 43 86 Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 126,491 46,464 926 173,881 Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year 723,587 207,421 69,700 1,000,708 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash 721,644 (323,041) 5 398,603 Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: 75,869 323,041 - 398	Operating Transfers In/(Out)		(566,142)		559,561		1,325		(5,256)
Purchase of Capital Assets	Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		(564,344)		559,561		1,288		(3,495)
Purchase of Capital Assets	Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:								
Debt Issuance	•		(158,157)		(51,628)		_		(209.785)
Interest on Loans	<u> •</u>				-		_		. , ,
Loan Principal Retired (34,099) (395,115) - (429,214) Net Cash Flows from Capital & Related Financing Activities (62,290) (513,140) - (575,430) Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest on Deposits					(66,397)		-		
Net Cash Flows from Capital & Related Financing Activities (62,290) (513,140) - (575,430)	Loan Principal Retired						-		
Interest on Deposits	Net Cash Flows from Capital & Related Financing Activities						-		
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities - 43 43 86 Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 126,491 46,464 926 173,881 Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year 723,587 207,421 69,700 1,000,708 Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year \$850,078 253,885 70,626 1,174,589 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) 721,644 323,041 - 398,603 Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: 75,869 323,041 - 398,910 Change in Assets and Liabilities: 75,869 323,041 - 398,910 Change in Assets and Liabilities: (38,458) - - (38,458) Accounts Receivable (38,458) - - (38,458) Accounts Payable (2,873) - - (2,873) Other Payables 453 - (405) 48 Accrued Abse	9				43		43		86
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents 126,491 46,464 926 173,881	•								
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year 723,587 207,421 69,700 1,000,708 Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year \$ 850,078 \$ 253,885 70,626 1,174,589 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) \$ 721,644 \$ (323,041) \$ - \$ 398,603 Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: \$ 75,869 323,041 - 398,910 Change in Assets and Liabilities: \$ (38,458) (38,458) - (2,873) Accounts Receivable (38,458) (2,873) (2,873) Other Payables 453 (405) 48 Accrued Absences (3,510) (3,510)	The Cash Flows from Investing Activities				73		73		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) \$ 721,644 \$ (323,041) \$ - \$ 398,603 Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation Expense 75,869 323,041 - 398,910 Change in Assets and Liabilities: Accounts Receivable (38,458) - - (38,458) Accounts Payable (2,873) - - (2,873) Other Payables 453 - (405) 48 Accrued Absences (3,510) - - (3,510) Accounts Payable (3,510) - - (3,510) Adjustments (3,510) - - (3,510) Adjustments (3,510) - - (3,510) Accounts Payable (3,510) - -	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		126,491		46,464		926		173,881
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities \$ 721,644 \$ (323,041) \$ - \$ 398,603 Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation Expense 75,869 323,041 - 398,910 Change in Assets and Liabilities: - (38,458) Accounts Receivable (38,458) (2,873) Accounts Payables (2,873) - (2,873) Other Payables 453 - (405) - (3,510) Accrued Absences (3,510) (3,510)	Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		723,587		207,421		69,700		1,000,708
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) \$ 721,644 \$ (323,041) \$ - \$ 398,603 Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net \$ 721,644 \$ (323,041) \$ - \$ 398,603 Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: \$ 75,869 \$ 323,041 - \$ 398,910 Change in Assets and Liabilities: \$ (38,458) - \$ (38,458) Accounts Receivable \$ (2,873) - \$ (2,873) Other Payables \$ 453 - \$ (405) 48 Accrued Absences \$ (3,510) - \$ (3,510) - \$ (3,510)	Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	850,078	\$	253,885	\$	70,626	\$	1,174,589
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation Expense 75,869 323,041 - 398,910 Change in Assets and Liabilities: Accounts Receivable (38,458) - - - (38,458) Accounts Payable (2,873) - - (2,873) Other Payables 453 - (405) 48 Accrued Absences (3,510) - - (3,510)	Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	Φ.	701 (44	Ф	(222.041)	¢.		Ф	200 (02
Change in Assets and Liabilities: (38,458) - - (38,458) Accounts Payable (2,873) - - (2,873) Other Payables 453 - (405) 48 Accrued Absences (3,510) - - (3,510)	Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$	ŕ	\$		\$	-	\$	ŕ
Accounts Payable (2,873) - - (2,873) Other Payables 453 - (405) 48 Accrued Absences (3,510) - - (3,510)			75,869		323,041		-		398,910
Other Payables 453 - (405) 48 Accrued Absences (3,510) - - (3,510)	Accounts Receivable		(38,458)		-		-		(38,458)
Accrued Absences (3,510) (3,510)	•		(2,873)		-		-		(2,873)
	Other Payables		453		-		(405)		48
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$ 753,125 \$ - \$ (405) \$ 752,720							-		
	Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	753,125	\$	-	\$	(405)	\$	752,720

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position December 31, 2021

	Police Pension		Fi	ire Pension	IMRF		Total	
	T	rust Fund	Τ	rust Fund	Fund		Fiduciary	
Assets								
Cash	\$	307,587	\$	463,524	\$	-	\$	771,111
Investments		7,596,918		7,259,517	11,054	,956		25,911,391
Total Assets		7,904,505		7,723,041	11,054	,956		26,682,502
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Pension Obligation					214	,883		214,883
Liabilities								
Pension Liability		8,979,663		9,045,799	9,601	,094		27,626,556
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Pension Obligation					1,577	,187		1,577,187
Net Position								
Unfunded	\$	(1,075,158)	\$	(1,322,758)	\$ 91	,558	\$	(2,306,358)

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	PENSION TRUST FUNDS						
	Police Pension		F	ire Pension		IMRF	Total
		Trust Fund		Frust Fund		Fund	 Fiduciary
ADDITIONS		_					
Contributions:							
Employer	\$	2,988,648	\$	4,240,715	\$	145,979	\$ 7,375,342
Participants		66,037		39,935		135,109	 241,081
Total Contributions		3,054,685		4,280,650		281,088	 7,616,423
Investment Income:							
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value							
of Investments (Unrealized)		336,024		261,264		(75,948)	521,340
Difference Between Expected and Actual							
Experience of Pension Liability		(236,062)		(527,899)		(73,578)	(837,539)
Interest, Dividends, and Other Income		114,047		93,823		1,691,667	 1,899,537
Total Investment Income		214,009		(172,812)		1,542,141	1,583,338
Less Investment Expense		(13,429)		(10,771)		(664,899)	 (689,099)
Net Investment Income (Loss)		200,580		(183,583)		877,242	894,239
TOTAL ADDITIONS		3,255,265		4,097,067		1,158,330	 8,510,662
DEDUCTIONS							
Pension Benefits:							
Retirement		304,912		273,611		557,129	1,135,652
Disability		58,688		66,190		-	124,878
Surviving Spouse		69,831		58,835		_	128,666
Total Pension Benefits		433,431		398,636		557,129	1,389,196
Administrative Expenses							
Professional Fees		12,275		12,050		126,263	150,588
Other		264		212		17,150	17,626
Total Administrative Expenses		12,539		12,262		143,413	168,214
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		445,970		410,898		700,542	 1,557,410
Net Transfers							
Net Increase (Decrease) in Plan Net Assets		2,809,295		3,686,169		457,788	6,953,252
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits January 1, 2021		(3,884,453)		(5,008,927)		(366,230)	(9,259,610)
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits December 31, 2021	\$	(1,075,158)	\$	(1,322,758)	\$	91,558	\$ (2,306,358)



Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2021

NOTE A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Du Quoin, Illinois (the "City") was incorporated in 1861, under the provisions of the State of Illinois. The City operates under the commission form of municipal government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. Other services include water and sewer utilities.

1. The Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the City, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39. The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The City has no potential component units.

2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are intended to fund. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - Continued

Fund financial statements present financial transactions of the City in individual funds. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liability, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and presented as nonmajor funds. Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within thirty-one days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for governmental activities. Whereas, in the fund financial statements, governmental expenditures are classified by the following character categories:

- a. Current (further classified by function)
- b. Capital Outlay
- c. Debt Service

Grants and entitlements and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered being susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expanded or transferred according to the general laws of Illinois and the bylaws of the City.

<u>Business District Tax</u> - The Business District Tax Fund accounts for the collection of the business district sales tax and shall be used to develop business within the city and pay for any improvements.

<u>Investment Pool Fund</u> - The Investment Pool Fund accounts for the collection of video gaming tax and to pay for capital improvements.

<u>Motor Fuel Tax Fund</u> - The Motor Fuel Tax Fund accounts for the collection of motor fuel tax allotments and the maintenance and major repairs of the City's roads.

Park Fund - The Park Fund is used to account for the park and pool activities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - Concluded

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Waterworks & Sewage Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the collection of water revenue and the associated expenses in the City.

<u>Capital Improvements Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the water department capital improvements and loans.

Water Meter Deposit Fund - This fund accounts for the utility customers' deposits held by the City.

Additionally, the government reports the following fiduciary fund types:

The Fire Pension Fund, Police Pension Fund, and IMRF Fund are pension trust funds, which account for activities as prescribed by the Illinois State Statutes.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Eliminations have been made in the statement of net position to remove the "grossing-up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities columns for amounts reported in the individual funds and interfund receivables and payables. Similarly, transfers between funds have been eliminated in the statement of activities. Amounts reported in the governmental or proprietary funds as receivable from or payable to fiduciary funds have been reclassified in the statement of net position as accounts receivable or payable to external parties.

4. The Pinckneyville-Du Quoin Airport

The airport is 50% owned by each of the two cities (Pinckneyville and Du Quoin) as tenants in common. Both cities are jointly and severally liable for deficit balances. The two cities each appoint two individuals to the Pinckneyville-Du Quoin Airport Steering Committee. The Steering Committee adopts budgets and signs contracts. The records for the airport are kept by the City of Pinckneyville and are fully included in the City of Pinckneyville's audit report.

The following condensed Statement of Net Position as of April 30, 2021, and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the year ending April 30, 2021, for the airport is from the City of Pinckneyville's audit report prepared by Rice Sullivan, LLC.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

4. The Pinckneyville-Du Quoin Airport - Concluded

Assets		Operating Expenses	
Current Assets		Depreciation	\$ 94,400
Cash	\$ 67,958	Other	36,159
Prepaid Expenses	394	Total Operating	
Non-Current Assets		Expenses	130,559
Depreciable, Net	226,207	1	
Non-Depreciable	1,425,640	Operating Loss	(130,559)
Total Assets	1,720,199	Non-Operating Revenues	
		Interest Income	45
Liabilities		Rent Income	36,100
Accounts Payable	600	Intergovernmental	30,000
·		Grant Income	62,664
Total Liabilities	600	Other Income	174
		Total Non-Operating	
Net Position		Revenues	128,983
Net Investment in			
Capital Assets	1,651,847	Net Loss	(1,576)
Unrestricted	67,752		, ,
		Net Position, Beginning	1,721,175
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 1,719,599</u>	Net Position, Ending	\$ 1,719,599

5. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The City maintains the capitalization threshold of \$2,500. The City does possess infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Cost includes labor, material, and similar items, and indirect charges for such items as transportation and supervision. The City capitalizes interest expense on funds used during construction of major projects and net of interest earned on invested unexpended bond proceeds during the construction period.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Plants	40 years
Improvements	10-20 years
Machinery and Equipment	7 years
Vehicles	5 years

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

6. Net Position

Net Position is reported as restricted when there are legal limitations imposed on their use by City legislation or external restrictions by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments. Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position and should be displayed in three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds or deferred inflows of resources at the end of the reporting period, the portion of the debt of deferred inflow of resources attributable to the unspent amount is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Instead, that portion of the debt or deferred inflow of resources is included in the same net position component (restricted or unrestricted) as the unspent amount.

Restricted - This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources directly related to those assets. Generally, a liability relates to restricted assets if the asset results from a resource flow that also results in the recognition of a liability or if the liability will be liquidated with the restricted assets reported.

Unrestricted - This component of net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

7. Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report up to five components of fund balance from most restrictive in nature to least restrictive:

- *Nonspendable* includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal contractual constraints.
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors and grantors, or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority (governing board). The same formal action must be taken to remove or change the limitations placed on the funds.

The City Board authorizes and approves the property tax levies annually providing a "committed" balance for property tax revenues. In addition, the City Board must approve any action to modify or rescind a fund balance commitment.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

7. Fund Balances - Concluded

• Assigned - includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed.

The City Board will determine if a fund should be assigned based on intended uses of resources that the fund receives.

• *Unassigned* - includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The City Board uses the default spending policy, spending resources in the following manner when available: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. The default policy is meant to prioritize the flow of resources from most restrictive to least restrictive for normal business activities.

As required by GASB 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definition, the City is to formally set a Stabilization Policy to ensure sound financial management and fiscal accountability. The City is to formally set aside amounts for use in emergency situations or when revenues shortages or budgetary imbalances arise. However, these emergency situations should not be routine and should be sufficiently detailed to outline the types of nonrecurring circumstances that merit the use of funds.

8. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund income statement includes reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances* and *net change in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The difference of (\$7,525,997) is as follows:

Capital Outlays	\$ 152,030
Depreciation Expense	(352,878)
Debt Issuance	(7,718,450)
Debt Service	396,240
Accrued Absences	 (2,939)
Total	\$ (7,525,997)

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between *total governmental fund balances* and *net position* of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide balance sheet. The difference of (\$5,206,749) is summarized as follows:

Capital Assets	\$ 2,498,563
Accrued Absences	(266,586)
Long-Term Liabilities	 (7,438,726)
Total	\$ (5,206,749)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Concluded

9. Vacation and Sick Leave

Vacation and sick pay are earned and vested as follows. Sick pay is earned at a rate of 6 hours per week for firemen, 2 hours per week for all other employees. Sick pay accumulates up to 960 hours for firemen, 480 hours for non-union workers, and 600 hours for collective bargaining employees. The amount of vested sick pay is 50% upon retirement. Vacation pay is earned according to years of service. Vacation pay is fully vested upon completion of one year of service. Vacation pay has a ceiling of 4 weeks after 14 years of service completed. Vacation pay must be used within a year. As of December 31, 2021, the amount of vested vacation and sick pay was \$348,216.

The following is a summary of compensated absence activity:

	В	eginning				Ending	
	Balance		 Accrued	 Used	Balance		
Governmental Activities							
Current	\$	32,956	\$ 11,827	\$ 11,458	\$	33,325	
Long-Term		230,691	 82,777	 80,207		233,261	
Total		263,647	 94,604	 91,665		266,586	
Business-Type Activities							
Current		10,643	2,867	3,306		10,204	
Long-Term		74,497	 20,069	 23,140		71,426	
Total		85,140	 22,936	 26,446		81,630	
Grand Total	\$	348,787	\$ 117,540	\$ 118,111	\$	348,216	

10. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of amounts not yet collected for water and sewer utilities. The City provides for write-offs of accounts receivable based on historical collection rates. However, no accounts were written off during the year. As of December 31, 2021, the allowance for doubtful accounts was \$0.

11. Encumbrances

The City does not use encumbrance accounting, in which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditures of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Therefore, no amounts for encumbrances are reported in the financial statements.

12. Pension Plans

The City is a participating member of the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund for substantially all of its employees not covered by another state created retirement system for the same service, (see Note D). The police and fire departments are separately covered by the Police Pension Fund and Fire Pension Fund, respectively, (see Notes E and F).

13. Unearned Revenue

The City received \$385,800 in American Rescue Plan Act Relief Dollars. During the year ended December 31, 2021, the City had not expended any of these funds. These funds are listed as unearned revenue liability until they have been spent or repaid.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE B - Cash and Investments

Cash

For the purpose of the statement of net position, "cash" includes all demand and savings accounts and "investments" include the certificates of deposits and marketable securities of the City. For the purpose of the proprietary fund statement of cash flows, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts. Generally, the City's investing activities are managed under the custody of the City Treasurer.

State statutes authorize the City to make deposits in interest bearing depository accounts in federally insured and/or state chartered banks and savings and loan associations, or other financial institutions as designed by ordinances, and to invest available funds in direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the United States Treasury or agencies of the United States, money market, mutual funds whose portfolios consist of government securities, Illinois Public Treasurers'; Investment Pool, and annuities.

On December 31, 2021, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$5,262,876, which excludes \$1,800 petty cash fund. The deposits are categorized in accordance with risk factors created by governmental reporting standards.

The categories are described as follows:

- 1. Insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name.
- 2. Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.
- 3. Uncollateralized.

	Category							Bank	Carrying		
		1		2		3		Balance		Amount	
Governmental Activities											
Major Funds											
General	\$	38,980	\$	1,266,897	\$	71,781	\$	1,377,658	\$	1,049,072	
Business District Tax		140,304		593,083		0		733,387		733,387	
Investment Pool		70,061		296,154		0		366,215		366,215	
Motor Fuel Tax		12,994		450,089		37,007		500,090		500,090	
Park		42,456		91,748		59,101		193,305		193,305	
Non-Major Funds											
Drug Abuse		17,930		75,794		0		93,724		93,724	
Grant		65		0		185		250		250	
Health Insurance		43,984		0		125,270		169,254		169,254	
Public Library		18,629		48,417		53,059		120,105		120,105	
Restricted Building Imp		5,775		0		16,449		22,224		22,224	
TIF #1		5,178		0		14,748		19,926		19,926	
TIF #2		6,080		0		17,314		23,394		23,394	
TIF #3		4,609		0		13,128		17,737		17,737	
Tourism/Hotel Tax		2,337		0		6,656		8,993		8,993	
Total Governmental Activities		409,382		2,822,182		414,698		3,646,262		3,317,676	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE B - Cash and Investments - Continued

Cash - Concluded

		Category	Bank	Carrying	
	1	2	3	Balance	Amount
Business-Type Activities					
Major Funds					
Waterworks & Sewage	19,490	762,502	59,660	841,652	849,578
Capital Improvements	51,974	53,881	148,030	253,885	253,885
Water Meter Deposit	19,154	0	54,551	73,705	70,626
Total Business Type Activities	90,618	816,383	262,241	1,169,242	1,174,089
Fiduciary Funds					
Police Pension	250,000	52,976	0	302,976	307,587
Fire Pension	250,000	210,246	0	460,246	463,524
Total Fiduciary Funds	500,000	263,222	0	763,222	771,111
TOTAL	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 3,901,787	\$ 676,939	\$ 5,578,726	\$ 5,262,876

Investments

Investments made by the City's governmental and business-type funds are summarized below. The investments that are represented by specific identifiable investment securities are classified as to credit risk in the following categories:

- 1. Insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.
- 2. Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counter-parties trust department or an agent in the City's name.
- 3. Other

	 Category						Carrying	Market		
	 1		2		3		Amount		Value	
Governmental Activities										
Major Funds										
Investment Pool:										
*Illinois Funds	\$ 654,002	\$	0	\$	0	\$	654,002	\$	654,002	
Non-Major Funds										
Public Library:										
*Illinois Funds	 6,877		0		0		6,877		6,877	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 660,879	\$	0	\$	0	\$	660,879	\$	660,879	

The Public Funds Investment Act of Illinois allows municipalities to invest in:

- 1. Any investment constituting a direct obligation of any FDIC bank
- 2. U.S. Treasury bills, notes, certificates, bonds or debentures
- 3. Public Treasurer's Investment Pool
- 4. Federal National Mortgage Association

^{*} Illinois Funds are money market accounts held in the City's name. The City can draw these funds at any time. Therefore, the maturity of the Illinois Funds are less than 1 year and are categorized as a current asset.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE B - Cash and Investments - Continued

Investments - Continued

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> - In accordance with its investment policy, the City's governmental funds limit its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations thereby avoiding the open market prior to maturity and investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market funds or similar investment pools. Due to the City's governmental funds type of investments on December 31, 2021, Money Market Funds, interest rate risk is not significant.

<u>Credit Risk</u> - Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity. The City's governmental funds investment policy limits its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to the safest type of securities with qualified local financial institutions.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> - The City's governmental funds hold only Illinois Funds Money Market accounts. Thus, concentration of credit risk is limited.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> - For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty that holds investments, the City would not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The City's governmental funds hold all money market accounts in their name. Collateral securities are pledged when the investment balance exceeds the FDIC insured limit. Therefore, custodial credit risk is low.

Fiduciary Funds

The Pension Trust Funds invest in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the next term and that such changes could materially affect participants' account balances and the amounts reported in the statement of net position.

State statute provides that the Pension Trust Funds may allocate up to 97% of the assets of the fund to equity investments, ensuring they leave enough money on hand for current liabilities. The police pension fund and fire pension fund engages the investor group at Charles Schwab Corporation as their investment advisors while the Pension Boards act as their custodians. IMRF investments are managed by IMRF and the board acts as their custodians.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE B - Cash and Investments - Continued

Investments - Continued

Investments made by the City's Pension Trust Funds are summarized below. The investments that are represented by specific identifiable investment securities are classified as to credit risk in the following categories:

- 1. Insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.
- 2. Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counter-parties trust department or an agent in the City's name.

					Carrying	
	 Category				Amount	Cost
	 #1		#2		(Market)	Value
Fiduciary Funds						
Police Pension	\$ 7,596,918	\$	0	\$	7,596,918	\$ 6,569,940
Fire Pension	7,259,517		0		7,259,517	6,590,905
IMRF	 0		11,054,956		11,054,956	 N/A
TOTAL	\$ 14,856,435	\$	11,054,956	\$	25,911,391	\$ 13,160,845

Interest Rate Risk - The Pension Trust Funds require full compliance with state statutes of the State of Illinois and applicable rules and regulations governing the investment of the Pension Trust Fund's money. Minimizing risk of large losses caused by highly volatile changes in interest rates is managed by the use of proper diversification of maturities. Weighted average maturities are planned within acceptable parameters. Cash flow is managed to provide adequate cash flow anticipated for monthly disbursements or from the Fund using money market funds or short-term investments. "Cash Flow" for this purpose includes money market funds, short term notes or certificates of deposit, and anticipated income from current investment and contributions. This schedule does not include IMRF investment information as it was not available.

			Investment Maturities (in Years)									
		Fair Value		Less than l		1-5 6-10			More than 10			Cost
Money Market	\$	3,008,420	\$	3,008,420	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	3,008,420
Fixed Income:	*	-,,	_	-,,	-		•		•		*	-,,
U.S. Government		752,674		99,766		461,533		191,375		0		734,167
Securities		302,322		0		250,859		51,463		0		304,556
Corporate Bonds		2,798,081		50,062		2,176,008		572,011		0		2,819,456
Certificates of Dep	osit	1,005,198		328,055		677,143		0		0		970,285
Municipal Bonds		0		0		0		0		0		0
Mortgage Pools		167,870		0		0		16,784		151,086		168,244
Equity:												
Mutual Funds		925,343		925,343		0		0		0		474,071
Exchange Traded		5,896,527		5,896,527	_	0	_	0	_	0	_	4,681,646
Total	\$	14,856,435	\$	10,308,173	\$	3,565,543	\$	831,633	\$	151,086	\$	13,160,845

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE B - Cash and Investments - Concluded

Investments - Concluded

<u>Credit Risk</u> - The Police Pension Fund limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issues of debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by primarily investing in securities held by the United States Government and/or its agencies that are implicitly guaranteed by the United States Government.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. United States of America government and Unites States of America governmental agency securities are exempt from this policy requirement.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> - The Police Pension Fund and Fire Pension Fund Boards will approve custodians specifically. Approved custodians shall be subject to regulatory oversight. The fund utilizes the treasurer as the custodian for investments. For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Police Pension Board and Fire Pension Board will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. IMRF Fund acts as custodians of the investments and maintains all regulatory oversight. Third party oversight presents a heightened custodial credit risk, given the State of Illinois' poor current financial position.

NOTE C - Restricted Cash

Restricted assets consist of cash in several local banks that is for various special revenue funds. These items are included in current assets on the Statement of Net Position.

<u>Business District Tax</u> - The monies in this fund shall be used to develop business within the city and pay for any improvements.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund - The monies in this fund shall be sued to pay for any street and sidewalk expenses associated with the motor fuel tax program.

Park Fund - The monies in this fund shall be used to pay for any expenses associated with the City's park and pool.

Drug Abuse - The monies in this fund shall be used to pay for drug detection, education, and prevention.

Grant - The monies in this fund account for a flow through federal assistance grant.

<u>Health Insurance Fund</u> - The monies in this fund are set aside to cover out of pocket health insurance expenses for covered employees per employee agreements.

Public Library - The monies in this fund shall be used to pay for all expenditures related to the city's library.

<u>Restricted Building Improvements</u> - The monies in this fund are set aside to make any necessary improvements to any of the city's administration structures.

<u>TIF #1, TIF # 2, TIF# 3</u> - The monies in each of these funds shall be used to develop business within each of the respective TIF districts. A separate audit is performed to ensure the monies are spent correctly.

<u>Tourism/Hotel Tax</u> - The monies in this fund shall be used to develop tourism within the City.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued December 31, 2021

NOTE D - Municipal Retirement Fund

IMRF Plan Description

The City of Du Quoin's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The City of Du Quoin's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected City Official (ECO) plan for officials prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earning. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- ½ of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of December 31, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	<u>Regular</u>
Retirees and Beneficiaries	34
Inactive, Non-Retired Members	13
Active Members	27
Total	74

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE D - Municipal Retirement Fund - Continued

Contributions

As set by statute, the City of Du Quoin's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City of Du Quoin's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2021 was 11.59%. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, the City of Du Quoin contributed \$145,979 to the plan. The City of Du Quoin also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contributions rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net Pension Liability

The City of Du Quoin's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The amount is included in the Unfunded Net Position on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability on December 31, 2021:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method: Market Value of Assets

Price Inflation: 2.25%

Salary Increases: 2.85% to 13.755%

Investment Rate of Return: 7.25%

Retirement Age: Experience-based tables of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last

updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2017-2019.

Mortality: For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income,

General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality

improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

Notes: There were no benefit changes during the year.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE D - Municipal Retirement Fund - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions - Concluded

Long Term Expected Rate Of Return:

Determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Portfolio	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Percentage	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	39%	1.90 - 3.25%
International Equity	15%	3.15 - 4.89%
Fixed Income	25%	(0.60) - (0.50)%
Real Estate	10%	3.30 - 4.20%
Alternative Investments	10%	1.70 - 8.85%
Cash Equivalents	1%	1.70 - 2.90%
Total	100%	

Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability as of December 31, 2021. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 1.84%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE D - Municipal Retirement Fund - Continued

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

·	Regular Plan Members							
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension					
	Liability	Net Position	Liability					
	(A)	(B)	(A)-(B)					
Balances on December 31, 2020	\$ 9,386,447	\$ 9,734,909	\$ (348,462)					
Changes for the year:								
Service Cost	126,263	0	\$ 126,263					
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	664,899	0	664,899					
Changes of Benefit Terms	0	0	0					
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience of the Total Pension Liability	(19,386)	0	(19,386)					
Changes of Assumptions	0	0	0					
Contributions – Employer	0	145,979	(145,979)					
Contributions – Employees	0	56,680	(56,680)					
Net Investment Income	0	1,691,667	(1,691,667)					
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(557,129)	(557,129)	0					
Other (Net Transfer)	0	(17,150)	17,150					
Net Changes	214,647	1,320,047	(1,105,400)					
Balances on December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 9,601,094</u>	<u>\$ 11,054,956</u>	<u>\$ (1,453,862)</u>					

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Regular Plan Members

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower of 1% higher:

			Currei	nt Single Discount	
	1	% Decrease	Ra	te Assumption	1% Increase
		6.25%		7.25%	 8.25%
Net Pension Liability	\$	(414,777)	\$	(1,453,862)	\$ (2,299,574)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE D - Municipal Retirement Fund - Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Regular Plan Members

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Pension Expense in Future Periods:				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,598	\$	14,613
Changes of assumptions		0		12,480
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		211,285		1,550,094
Total Deferred Amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods		214,883		1,577,187
Pension Contributions made subsequent to the Measurement Date		0		0
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	\$	214,883	\$	1,577,187

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	О	Net Deferred Outflows Of Resources	Net Deferred Inflows of Resources
2022	\$	0	\$ 310,485
2023		0	515,119
2024		0	336,827
2025		0	199,873
2026		0	0
Thereafter		0	 0
Total	\$	02	\$ 1,362,304

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE D - Municipal Retirement Fund - Concluded

This information shows funded status of the City of Du Quoin's plan for the last three years for its active and inactive members only. It reflects actuarial funded status using five year smoothing of investment returns subject to 20% corridor. This information is presented in compliance with GASB Statement No. 50.

Annual Pension Cost. The required contribution for calendar year 2021 was \$145,979.

Three-Year Trend Information for the Regular Plan

Fiscal Year Ending	ual Pension ost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed 100%		Net Pension Obligation	
 12/31/21	 145,979				
12/31/20	148,559	100%	\$		0
12/31/19	99,864	100%			0

The required contribution for 2021 was determined as part of the December 31, 2019, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions on December 31, 2019, included (a) 7.25 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 3.50% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4% to 10% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) postretirement benefit increases of 3% annually. The actuarial value of the City's plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20% corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. The City's Regular plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability on December 31, 2019, is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open 22-year basis.

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2021, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Regular plan was 103.43 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$3,867,873 and the actuarial value of assets was \$4,000,603, resulting in an underfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$132,730. The covered payroll for calendar year 2021 (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,259,525. Because the plan is overfunded, there is no ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE E - Police Pension Plan

Plan Description

The following information is presented as of December 31, 2020, the most recent valuation date available. The City of Du Quoin Police Pension Fund is the administrator of a single-employer pension plan that was established by the City of Du Quoin Police Department Board in accordance with the state statutes.

As of December 31, 2020, employee membership data related to the pension plan was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	10
Active plan participants:	
Vested	10
Non-vested	0
Total	10

A police officer age 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service, who is not a participant in the self-managed plan under Section 3-109.3 and who is no longer in service as a police officer, shall receive a pension of 1/2 of the salary attached to the rank held by the officer on the police force for one year immediately prior to retirement or, beginning July 1, 1987 for persons terminating service on or after that date, the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The pension shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years of service through 30 years of service, to a maximum of 75% of such salary.

The changes made to this subsection (a) by this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly apply to all pensions that become payable under this subsection on or after January 1, 1999. All pensions payable under this subsection that began on or after January 1, 1999 and before the effective date of this amendatory Act shall be recalculated, and the amount of the increase accruing for that period shall be payable to the pensioner in a lump sum.

No pension in effect on or granted after June 30, 1973 shall be less than \$200 per month. Beginning July 1, 1987, the minimum retirement pension for a police officer having at least 20 years of creditable service shall be \$400 per month, without regard to whether or not retirement occurred prior to that date. If the minimum pension established in Section 3-113.1 is greater than the minimum provided in this subsection, the Section 3-113.1 minimum controls.

A police officer mandatorily retired from service due to age by operation of law, having at least 8 but less than 20 years of creditable service, shall receive a pension equal to $2\frac{1}{2}\%$ of the salary attached to the rank he or she held on the police force for one year immediately prior to retirement or, beginning July 1, 1987 for persons terminating service on or after that date, the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater, for each year of creditable service.

A police officer who retires or is separated from service having at least 8 years but less than 20 years of creditable service, who is not mandatorily retired due to age by operation of law, and who does not apply for a refund of contributions at his or her last separation from police service, shall receive a pension upon attaining age 60 equal to 2.5% of the salary attached to the rank held by the police officer on the police force for one year immediately prior to retirement or, beginning July 1, 1987 for persons terminating service on or after that date, the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater, for each year of creditable service.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE E - Police Pension Plan - Continued

<u>Plan Description - Concluded</u>

A police officer no longer in service who has at least one but less than 8 years of creditable service in a police pension fund but meets the requirements of this subsection shall be eligible to receive a pension from that fund equal to 2.5% of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service under that fund or for one year prior to that last day, whichever is greater, for each year of creditable service in that fund. The pension shall begin no earlier than upon attainment of age 60 (or upon mandatory retirement from the fund by operation of law due to age, if that occurs before age 60) and in no event before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997.

In order to be eligible for a pension under this subsection (c), the police officer must have at least 8 years of creditable service in a second police pension fund under this Article and be receiving a pension under subsection (a) or (b) of this Section from that second fund. The police officer need not be in service on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997.

Employees are required to pay 9% of their regular pay to the pension plan. The payments are deducted from the employee's wages or salary and remitted to the Police Pension Fund administered by the Police Department Board.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Contributions from the Police employees are recognized as revenue in the period in which employees provide services to the City. Investment income is recognized as earned by the pension plan. The net appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments held by the pension plan is recorded as an increase (decrease) to investment income based on the valuation of investments as of the date of the balance sheet.

There are no investments in, loans to, or leases with parties related to the pension plan.

Funding Status and Progress

Presented below is the total pension benefit obligation of the Police Pension Fund. The amount of the total pension benefit obligation is based on a standardized measurement established by GASB-68. The standardized measurement is the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and any step-rate benefits.

A standardized measure of the pension benefit obligation was adopted by the GASB to enable readers of the financial statements to (a) assess the Police Pension Fund funding status on a going-concern basis, (b) assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and (c) make comparisons among Pension Plans.

The actuarial funding method used to determine contributions to the pension fund is explained in Part 4 of this note.

A variety of significant actuarial assumptions are used to determine the standardized measure of the pension benefit obligation and these assumptions are summarized below:

The present value of future pension payments was computed by using a discount rate of 5.75%. The discount rate is equal to the estimated long-term rate of return on current and future investments of the pension plan.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued December 31, 2021

NOTE E - Police Pension Plan - Continued

Funding Status and Progress - Concluded

Future pension payments reflect no post-retirement benefit increases, which is consistent with the terms of the pension agreement.

The standardized measure of the unfunded pension benefit obligation as of December 31, 2020, is as follows:

Pension benefit obligation:	
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees not yet receiving benefits Current employees-	\$ 6,811,417
Accumulated employee contributions including allocated investment income Surplus	 2,168,246 0
Total pension benefit obligation	8,979,663
Net assets available for benefits, at market	 (4,665,593)
Unfunded pension benefit obligation	\$ 4,314,070

The value of net assets available for benefits, at market as of December 31, 2021, is \$7,904,505, making the unfunded pension obligation \$1,075,158 on the financial statements.

Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability on December 31, 2020:

Funding Method: Projected Unit Credit

Actuarial Cost Method: Normal cost, plus an additional amount determined as a level percentage of payroll to bring

the plan's funded ratio to 90% by the end of fiscal year 2040.

Asset Valuation Method: Investment gains and losses are recognized over a 5-year period.

Interest Rate: 5.75%, current year and prior year

Salary Increases: Service-related table with rates grading from 11.00% to 3.50% at 33 years of service.

Payroll Growth: 3.50%

Tier 2 cost of living: 1.25%

Healthy Mortality Rates: RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant with Blue Collar Adjustment, males and females

Disability Mortality Rates: 115% of RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant with Blue Collar Adjustment, males and females.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE E - Police Pension Plan - Concluded

<u>Actuarial Assumptions - Concluded</u>

Decrements other than mortality are based on experience tables. The rate of service-related deaths was 10% while the rate of service-related disabilities was 60%. All of these assumptions on based on experience for all Article 3 funds for the State of Illinois in aggregate. The Department of Insurance has approved the above actuarial assumptions. Contact the Department of Insurance for complete experience tables. The above valuations use personnel data as reported to the Department of Insurance in the Schedule P. Specifically, the following data items have been determined as of the date of the Actuarial Valuation Report: attained age, annual salary or pension, completed years of service of each individual participant. The fund specific information sued in the production of this document was provided to the Department of Insurance by your pension fund board of trustees through the fund's annual statement filing.

Additional critical information regarding actuarial assumptions and methods, and important actuarial disclosures are provided in the Actuarial Valuation Report Disclosures Document located on the following Illinois DOI Website https://insurance.illinois.gov/Applications/Pension/FOIAReporting/FOIAPortal.aspx.

Contributions Required and Contributions Made

The actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for 2020 amounted to \$387,831. The contributed amounts were actuarially determined as described above and were based on an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The pension contributions represent funding for normal cost \$158,823, the amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability \$207,920, and the interest earned was \$21,088. The City will use this amount to determine the 2021 employer contributions. The actual employer contributions made to the pension plan for 2021 was \$2,988,648.

NOTE F - Fire Pension Plan

Plan Description

The following information is presented as of December 31, 2020, the most recent valuation date available. The City of Du Quoin Fire Pension Fund is the administrator of a single-employer pension plan that was established by the City of Du Quoin Fire Department Board in accordance with the state statutes.

As of December 31, 2020, employee membership data related to the pension plan was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	11
Active plan participants: Vested Non-vested Total	4 2 6

A firefighter age 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service, who is no longer in service as a firefighter, shall receive a monthly pension of ½ the monthly salary attached to the rank held by him or her in the fire service at the date of retirement.

The monthly pension shall be increased by 1/12 of 2.5% of such monthly salary for each additional month over 20 years of service through 30 years of service and 1/12 of 1% of such monthly salary for each additional month over 30 years of service, to a maximum of 75% of such monthly salary.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE F - Fire Pension Plan - Continued

<u>Plan Description - Concluded</u>

The changes made to this subsection by this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly apply to all pensions that become payable under this subsection on or after January 1, 1999. All pensions payable under this subsection that began on or after January 1, 1999 and before the effective date of this amendatory Act shall be recalculated, and the amount of the increase accruing for that period shall be payable to the pensioner in a lump sum.

A firefighter who retires or is separated from service having at least 10 but less than 20 years of creditable service, who is not entitled to receive a disability pension, and who did not apply for a refund of contributions at his or her last separation from service shall receive a monthly pension upon attainment of age 60 based on the monthly salary attached to his or her rank in the fire service on the date of retirement or separation from service according to the following schedule:

For 10 years of service 15.0% of salary; For 11 years of service 17.6% of salary; For 12 years of service 20.4% of salary; For 13 years of service 23.4% of salary; For 14 years of service 26.6% of salary; For 15 years of service 30.0% of salary; For 16 years of service 33.6% of salary; For 17 years of service 37.4% of salary; For 18 years of service 41.4% of salary; For 19 years of service 45.6% of salary.

Employees are required to pay 9.455% of their regular pay to the pension plan. The payments are deducted from the employee's wages or salary and remitted to the Fire Pension Fund administered by the Fire Department Board.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Contributions from the Fire employees are recognized as revenue in the period in which employees provide services to the City. Investment income is recognized as earned by the pension plan. The net appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments held by the pension plan is recorded as an increase (decrease) to investment income based on the valuation of investments as of the date of the balance sheet.

There are no investments in, loans to, or leases with parties related to the pension plan.

Funding Status and Progress

Presented on the following page is the total pension benefit obligation of the Fire Pension Fund. The amount of the total pension benefit obligation is based on a standardized measurement established by GASB-68. The standardized measurement is the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and any step-rate benefits.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued December 31, 2021

NOTE F - Fire Pension Plan - Continued

Funding Status and Progress - Concluded

A standardized measure of the pension benefit obligation was adopted by the GASB to enable readers of the financial statements to (a) assess the Fire Pension Fund funding status on a going-concern basis, (b) assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and (c) make comparisons among Pension Plans.

The actuarial funding method used to determine contributions to the pension fund is explained in Part 4 of this note.

The variety of significant actuarial assumptions are used to determine the standardized measure of the pension benefit obligation and these assumptions are summarized below:

The present value of future pension payments was computed by using a discount rate of 5.75%. The discount rate is equal to the estimated long-term rate of return on current and future investments of the pension plan.

Future pension payments reflect no post-retirement benefit increases, which is consistent with the terms of the pension agreement.

The standardized measure of the unfunded pension benefit obligation as of December 31, 2020, is as follows:

Pension benefit obligation:		
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees not yet receiving benefits	\$	6,846,954
Current employees- Accumulated employee contributions including allocated investment income		2,198,845
Total pension benefit obligation		9,045,799
Net assets available for benefits, at market		(3,412,187)
Unfunded pension benefit obligation	<u>\$</u>	5,633,612

The value of net assets available for benefits, at market as of December 31, 2021, is \$7,723,041, making the unfunded pension obligation \$1,322,758 on the financial statements.

Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability on December 31, 2020:

Funding Method: Projected Unit Credit

Actuarial Cost Method: Normal cost, plus an additional amount determined as a level percentage of payroll to bring

the plan's funded ratio to 90% by the end of fiscal year 2040.

Asset Valuation Method: Investment gains and losses are recognized over a 5-year period.

Interest Rate: 5.50%, current and prior years

Salary Increases: Service-related table with rates grading from 12.50% to 3.50% at 31 years of service.

Payroll Growth: 3.50%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued December 31, 2021

NOTE F - Fire Pension Plan - Concluded

Actuarial Assumptions - Concluded

Tier 2 cost of living: 1.25%

Healthy Mortality Rates: RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant with Blue Collar Adjustment, males and females

Disability Mortality Rates: 115% of RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant with Blue Collar Adjustment, males and females.

Decrements other than mortality are based on experience tables. The rate of service-related deaths was 20% while the rate of service-related disabilities was 80%. All of these assumptions on based on experience for all Article 4 funds for the State of Illinois in aggregate. The Department of Insurance has approved the above actuarial assumptions. Contact the Department of Insurance for complete experience tables. The above valuations use personnel data as reported to the Department of Insurance in the Schedule P. Specifically, the following data items have been determined as of the date of the Actuarial Valuation Report: attained age, annual salary or pension, completed years of service of each individual participant. The fund specific information sued in the production of this document was provided to the Department of Insurance by your pension fund board of trustees through the fund's annual statement filing.

Additional critical information regarding actuarial assumptions and methods, and important actuarial disclosures are provided in the Actuarial Valuation Report Disclosures Document located on the following Illinois DOI Website: https://insurance.illinois.gov/Applications/Pension/FOIAReporting/FOIAPortal.aspx.

Contributions Required and Contributions Made

The actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for 2020 amounted to \$436,668. The contributed amounts were actuarially determined as described above and were based on an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The pension contributions represent funding for normal cost \$132,022, the amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability \$281,881, and the interest earned was \$22,765. The City will use this amount to determine the 2021 employer contributions. The actual employer contributions made to the pension plan for 2021 was \$4,240,715.

NOTE G - Social Security

Employees not qualifying for coverage under the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are considered "non-participating employees." These employees and those qualifying for coverage under the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are covered under Social Security. The City paid \$94,793, the total required contribution for the current fiscal year.

NOTE H - Commitments and Contingencies

Grant Audit

The City receives State Grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by State Agencies. Such audits could result in a request for reimbursement by the State for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the appropriate agency. In the opinion of the City management, such disallowance, if any, will not be significant.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the City received financial assistance in the form of federal grants to help offset the cost of the Coronavirus pandemic. The City received \$385,800 in federal grants for the American Rescue Plan Funds. The money has not yet been spent.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued December 31, 2021

NOTE I - Interfund Receivables and Payables

There were no interfund receivables or payables.

NOTE J - Fund Equity

On December 31, 2021, no funds had a deficit in the fund balance or net position.

NOTE K - Risk Management

Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all major programs: property, liability, and workers compensation. During the year ended December 31, 2021, there were no significant reductions in coverage. Also, there have been no settlement amounts, which have exceeded insurance coverage on the past three years.

NOTE L - Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

1. Main Street Water Line Loan - Proprietary Fund

The City of Du Quoin has a loan agreement with SIBCC in the amount of \$250,000 dated October 31, 2013. The City is required to make semi-annual payments of \$15,289 for 10 years, with an interest rate of 4.00%. There is no collateral pledged for this loan. All payments are made from the Waterworks & Sewage Fund. The City paid interest expense of \$5,670 on the loan during the year. The loan will mature on April 30, 2024. The following is a summary of the loan payments:

Fiscal Year						
Ended	In	terest	P	rincipal		Total
2022	\$	1,435	\$	29,143	\$	30,578
2023		805		29,773		30,578
2024		162		15,127		15,289
Totals	\$	2,402	\$	74,043	\$	76,445
Balance as of December 31, 2020 Debt incurred during the year				\$ 9	98,952 0	
Debt eliminated during the year				(24	1.909)	
Balance as of December 31, 2021					4,043	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE L - Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements - Continued

2. Ford F-150 Loan - Proprietary Fund

The City of Du Quoin has a loan agreement with Ford Credit in the amount of \$24,645 dated February 8, 2021. The City is required to make monthly payments of \$474 for 5 years, with an interest rate of 5.99%. A 2020 Ford F-150 serves as collateral pledged for this loan. All payments are made from the Waterworks & Sewage Fund. The City paid interest expense of \$1,229 on the loan during the year. The loan will mature on January 8, 2026. The following is a summary of the loan payments:

Fiscal Year						
Ended	Interest		Principal		Total	
2022	\$	1,005	\$	4,209	\$	5,214
2023		825		4,863		5,688
2024		525		5,163		5,688
2025		208		5,480		5,688
2026		3		471		474
Totals	\$	2,566	\$	20,186	\$	22,752
Balance as of December 31, 2020			\$	0		
Debt incurred during the year			24,645			
Debt eliminated during the year			(4,459) © 20.186			
Balance as of December 31, 2021				<u>s 20</u>	<u>,186</u>	

3. Ford F-250 Loan - Proprietary Fund

The City of Du Quoin has a loan agreement with Ford Credit in the amount of \$34,802 dated May 1, 2021. The City is required to make monthly payments of \$669 for 5 years, with an interest rate of 5.99%. A 2021 Ford F-250 serves as collateral pledged for this loan. All payments are made from the Waterworks & Sewage Fund. The City paid interest expense of \$1,292 on the loan during the year. The loan will mature on April 1, 2026. The following is a summary of the loan payments:

Fiscal Year							
Ended	<u>I</u> 1	Interest		Principal		Total	
2022	\$	1,503	\$	5,856	\$	7,359	
2023		1,263		6,765		8,028	
2024		846		7,182		8,028	
2025		404		7,624		8,028	
2026		32		2,644		2,676	
Totals	\$	4,048	\$	30,071	\$	34,119	
Balance as of Dece	ember 31, 20	020		\$	0		
Debt incurred during the year		34,802					
Debt eliminated during the year			(4,	731)			
Balance as of Dece	ember 31, 20	021	\$ 30,07		<u>,071</u>		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE L - Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements - Continued

4. EPA Loan - Proprietary Fund

The City of Du Quoin applied for financial assistance for a wastewater treatment facility in the form of a loan from the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency. The original loan was \$6,350,810 on April 6, 2007. The City is required to make semi-annual payments of \$209,945 for 19 ½ years, with 2.50% interest rate. There is no collateral pledged for this loan. The Capital Improvements Fund makes the payments on this loan. The City paid interest expense of \$55,890 on the loan during the year. The loan will mature on August 6, 2026. The following is a summary of the loan payments:

Fiscal Year					
Ended	<u>I</u> 1	nterest	 Principal		Total
2022	\$	46,733	\$ 373,156	\$	419,889
2023		37,346	382,544		419,890
2024		27,723	392,167		419,890
2025		17,857	402,032		419,889
2026		7,744	 412,146		419,890
Totals	\$	137,403	\$ 1,962,045	\$	2,099,448
Balance as of December 31, 2020 Debt incurred during the year Debt eliminated during the year Balance as of December 31, 2021			\$ 2,326 (363, \$ 1,962	0 999)	

5. EPA Loan - Proprietary Fund

The City of Du Quoin applied for financial assistance in the form of a drinking water loan from the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency. The original loan was \$651,389 on June 25, 2014. The City is required to make semi-annual payments of \$20,812 for 19 ½ years, with 2.295% interest rate. There is no collateral pledged for this loan. The Capital Improvements Fund makes the payments on this loan. The City paid interest expense of \$10,507 on the loan during the year. The loan will mature on October 25, 2033. The following is a summary of the loan payments:

Fiscal Year						
Ended	<u>I1</u>	nterest	P	rincipal		Total
2022	\$	9,789	\$	31,834	\$	41,623
2023		9,053		32,570		41,623
2024		8,303		33,320		41,623
2025		7,533		34,090		41,623
2026		6,746		34,877		41,623
2027		5,941		35,682		41,623
2028		5,118		36,505		41,623
2029		4,275		37,348		41,623
2030		3,413		38,210		41,623
2031		2,531		39,092		41,623
2032		1,628		39,995		41,623
2033		706		40,917		41,623
Totals	\$	65,036	\$	434,440	\$	499,476
Balance as of Dece		020		\$ 465	,556	
Debt incurred duri	~ ,				0	
Debt eliminated du	-			(31,	<u>116)</u>	
Balance as of Dece	ember 31, 20	021		<u>\$ 434</u>	<u>,440</u>	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE L - Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements - Continued

6. CAT Financial Loan - Proprietary Fund

The City of Du Quoin has a loan agreement with CAT Financial in the amount of \$78,710 dated December 3, 2021. The City is required to make semi-annual payments of \$8,576 for 5 years, with an interest rate of 3.18%. A 2021 Caterpillar Backhoe Loader serves as collateral pledged for this loan. All payments are made from the Waterworks & Sewage Fund. The City paid no interest on the loan during the year. The loan will mature on December 3, 2026. The following is a summary of the loan payments:

Fiscal Year							
Ended	In	nterest	P	rincipal	Total		
2022	\$	2,388	\$	14,764	\$	17,152	
2023		1,914		15,238		17,152	
2024		1,426		15,726		17,152	
2025		921		16,231		17,152	
2026		401		16,751		17,152	
Totals	\$	7,050	\$	78,710	\$	85,760	
Balance as of Dec Debt incurred dur Debt eliminated d Balance as of Dec	ing the year uring the yea	ır			0 ,710 <u>(0)</u> ,710		
Dalance as of Dec	ember 31, 20	JZ 1		<u>v /o</u>	<u>, / 10</u>		

7. City Hall Roof Loan - Governmental Funds

The City of Du Quoin has a participation loan agreement with Banterra Bank for the City Hall roof. The loan amount is \$225,000 with monthly payments of \$2,169 beginning September 8, 2016. The interest rate is 2.44%. This loan is unsecured. The General Fund makes the payments for this loan. The City paid interest expense of \$2,613 on the loan during the year. The loan will mature on September 8, 2025. The following is a summary of the loan payments:

Fiscal Year							
Ended	In	terest	P	rincipal	Total		
2022	\$	2,004	\$	24,024	\$	26,028	
2023		1,412		24,616		26,028	
2024		804		25,224		26,028	
2025		284		19,237		19,521	
Totals	\$	4,504	\$	93,101	\$	97,605	
Balance as of Dec Debt incurred duri Debt eliminated d Balance as of Dec	ing the year uring the yea	r			,516 0 <u>415)</u> ,101		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE L - Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements - Continued

8. Prospect Bank Loan - Governmental Funds

The City of Du Quoin has a loan agreement with Prospect Bank in the amount of \$53,450 dated December 15, 2020. The City is required to make semi-annual payments of \$7,098 for 5 years, with an interest rate of 2.69%. A 2018 Case Extended Backhoe serves as collateral pledged for this loan. All payments are made from the General Fund Street Department. The City paid interest expense of \$1,371 on the loan during the year. The loan will mature on November 15, 2024. The following is a summary of the loan payments:

Total		
14,195		
14,194		
14,196		
12,585		
]		

9. Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021 - Governmental Funds

The City of Du Quoin issued bonds in the amount of \$7,665,000 on July 8, 2021. The City is required to make annual principal payments and semi-annual interest payments for 20 years, with varying rates of interest. There is no collateral pledged for these bonds. All payments are made from the General Fund Administration Fund. The City paid interest expense of \$59,200 on these bonds during the year. The bonds will mature on December 1, 2040. The following is a summary of the bond obligations:

Fiscal Year	Interest	CUSIP				
Ended	Rate	(263539)	 Interest]	Principal	 Total
2022	0.30%	AB4	\$ 147,285	\$	335,000	\$ 482,285
2023	0.40%	AC2	145,778		335,000	480,778
2024	0.50%	AD0	143,768		335,000	478,768
2025	0.70%	AE8	140,980		340,000	480,980
2026	0.95%	AF5	137,295		345,000	482,295
2027	1.20%	AG3	132,896		345,000	477,896
2028	1.35%	AH1	127,728		355,000	482,728
2029	1.60%	AJ7	121,648		360,000	481,648
2030	1.80%	AK4	114,758		365,000	479,758
2031	2.00%	AM0	106,889		375,000	481,889
2032	2.25%	AM0	98,395		380,000	478,395
2033	2.25%	AN8	89,538		390,000	479,538
2034	2.35%	AP3	80,055		400,000	480,055
2035	2.45%	AQ1	69,928		410,000	479,928
2036	2.55%	AR9	59,135		420,000	479,135
2037	2.65%	AS7	47,263		435,000	482,263
2038	2.90%	AS7	34,503		445,000	479,503
2039	2.90%	AT5	21,150		460,000	481,150
2040	3.00%	AT5	 7,125		475,000	 482,125
Total			\$ 1,826,117	\$	7,305,000	\$ 9,131,117

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued December 31, 2021

NOTE L - Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements - Concluded

9. Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021 - Governmental Funds - Concluded

Balance as of December 31, 2020	\$	0
Debt incurred during the year		7,665,000
Debt eliminated during the year		(360,000)
Balance as of December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	7,305,000

Total Debt Obligations

Fiscal Year						
Ended	Loans		 Bonds	Total		
2022	\$	562,038	\$ 482,285	\$	1,044,323	
2023		563,181	480,778		1,043,959	
2024		547,894	478,768		1,026,662	
2025		511,901	480,980		992,881	
2026		481,815	482,295		964,110	
2027-2031		208,115	2,403,919		2,612,034	
2032-2036		83,246	2,397,051		2,480,297	
2037-2040		0	 1,925,041		1,925,041	
Total Payments		2,958,190	9,131,117		12,089,307	
Less Interest		(224,969)	 (1,826,117)		(2,051,086)	
Total Principal	\$	2,733,221	\$ 7,305,000	\$	10,038,221	

NOTE M - Computation of Legal Debt Margin

The City of Du Quoin is considered a home rule municipality and therefore, not subject to a legal debt margin.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued

December 31, 2021

NOTE N - Assessed Valuation and Taxes Levied

The City's property tax is levied each year on all real property located in the City upon the passing of the City's budget, appropriations ordinance, and tax levy. Property taxes are levied based on the assessed value of property as listed as of January 1 of the previous year. Assessed values are an approximation of market value. The property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1.

The County (Perry County, Illinois) extends, bills, and collects the City's property taxes. Residents may pay property taxes to the County in two installments. The property tax is paid to the City by the County as statute permits, which is generally shortly after the County's collection dates. The tax levy ordinance was approved on December 28, 2020. The City received tax distributions in October and December 2021.

	TAX LEVY YEAR	S 2020,	2019, 2018				
	2020		2019	2018			
ASSESSED VALUATION	\$ 47,301,152	\$	45,277,135	\$	44,090,093		
Library	0.1648		0.1634		0.1640		
Firefighter's Pension	0.8450		0.7685		0.7349		
Police Pension	0.7459		0.6768		0.6800		
TIF #1	0.0000		0.0000		0.0000		
TIF #2	0.0000		0.0000		0.0000		
TIF #3	0.0000		0.0000		0.0000		
Total	1.7557		1.6087		1.5789		
	2020		2019		2018		
TAX EXTENSIONS							
Library	\$ 77,952	\$	73,983	\$	70,560		
Firefighter's Pension	399,695		347,955		324,018		
Police Pension	352,819		306,436		299,813		
Road and Bridge	37,653		37,354		36,374		
TIF #1	107,762		99,730		78,998		
TIF #2	42,249		42,802		20,865		
TIF #3	42,066		42,092		32,011		
Total	\$ 1,060,196	\$	950,352	\$	862,639		
	2020		2019		2018		
TAX COLLECTIONS					_		
Library	\$ 71,398	\$	73,389	\$	69,654		
Firefighter's Pension	366,080		345,156		319,981		
Police Pension	323,147		303,970		296,077		
Road and Bridge	36,164		37,166		36,150		
TIF #1	92,605		99,730		78,998		
TIF #2	41,807		42,802		20,865		
TIF #3	 41,741		42,092		32,011		
Total	\$ 972,942	\$	944,305	\$	853,736		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE O - Interfund Operating Transfers

Individual fund operating transfers for fiscal year 2021 were as follows:

Fund	 Transfer In		Transfer Out			
Governmental Funds						
Major Funds						
General Fund	\$ 152,634	\$	664,045			
Business District Tax	108,088		0			
Investment Pool	500,924		0			
Motor Fuel Tax	0		146,724			
Park	54,358		0			
Non-Major Funds						
Drug Abuse	675		0			
Public Library	0		654			
TIF #1	22,975		0			
TIF #3	 0		22,975			
Total Governmental Funds	839,654		834,398			
Less Interfund Transfers	 (834,398)		(834,398)			
Net Governmental Fund Transfers	 5,256		0			
Proprietary Funds						
Waterworks and Sewage	0		566,142			
Capital Improvements	559,561		0			
Meter Deposit	 1,325		0			
Total Proprietary Funds	560,886		566,142			
Less Interfund Transfers	 (560,886)		(560,886)			
Net Proprietary Fund Transfers	 0		5,256			
Total Transfers, Net	\$ 5,256	<u>\$</u>	5,256			

All transfers were for normal, routine costs of the City. All transfers were approved by the board.

NOTE P - Economic Dependence

The City is fiscally dependent on funding from Federal and State of Illinois sources. Due to State of Illinois financial restraints, state payment delays or eliminations are possible for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022. Changes in the amounts received or timing of the amounts received from the State of Illinois, could result in cash flow problems for the City, and may require budget amendments and cuts of services.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued
December 31, 2021

NOTE Q - Subsequent Events

The City has evaluated subsequent events through June 15, 2022, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE R - Due From Other Governments

On November 17, 2015, the City of Du Quoin (City) entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement with the Du Quoin Community Unit School District #300, Illinois (District) in which the parties agreed that the District owes the City the sum of \$585,436 for funding advanced to the District by the City.

The District agreed to pay the City a total of 15 annual payments in the amount of \$39,029, beginning in 2015. The agreement will terminate upon the District's payment in full of the outstanding bonds issued for the construction of the high school facilities. As of December 31, 2021, the amount due to the city is \$312,233.

NOTE S - Revolving Loans Receivable

Below is a summary of the City of Du Quoin's Revolving Loan Program receivables as of December 31, 2021. This note receivable, which was reported in the General Fund, was repaid during the year.

Borrower	· ·	inal Loan mount	Date	Due Date		12/31/21 Balance		
Vicki Holmes Total	\$	6,800	03/2016	04/2021	<u>\$</u> \$	0		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Continued

December 31, 2021

NOTE T - Components of Fund Balance

The following presents the various components of fund balance within the governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds Business Investment Motor Nonmajor Total General District Pool Fuel Tax Park Governmental Governmental Tax Fund Fund Balances: Fund Fund Fund Fund Funds Funds Nonspendable None Total Nonspendable Restricted 252,535 General Government 252,535 522,807 Transportation 522,807 Total Restricted 522,807 252,535 775,342 Committed 803,965 803,965 General Government Services 125,264 125,264 Total Committed 803,965 125,264 929,229 Assigned General Government 1,036,815 250 1,037,065 Public Safety 95,373 95,373 Services 505,367 505,367 1,637,805 1,036,815 505,367 95,623 Total Assigned Unassigned General Government 1,186,126 1,186,126 1,186,126 1,186,126 Total Unassigned 522,807 \$ 1,036,815 \$ 505,367 \$ Total Governmental Fund Balances \$ 1,186,126 803,965 473,422

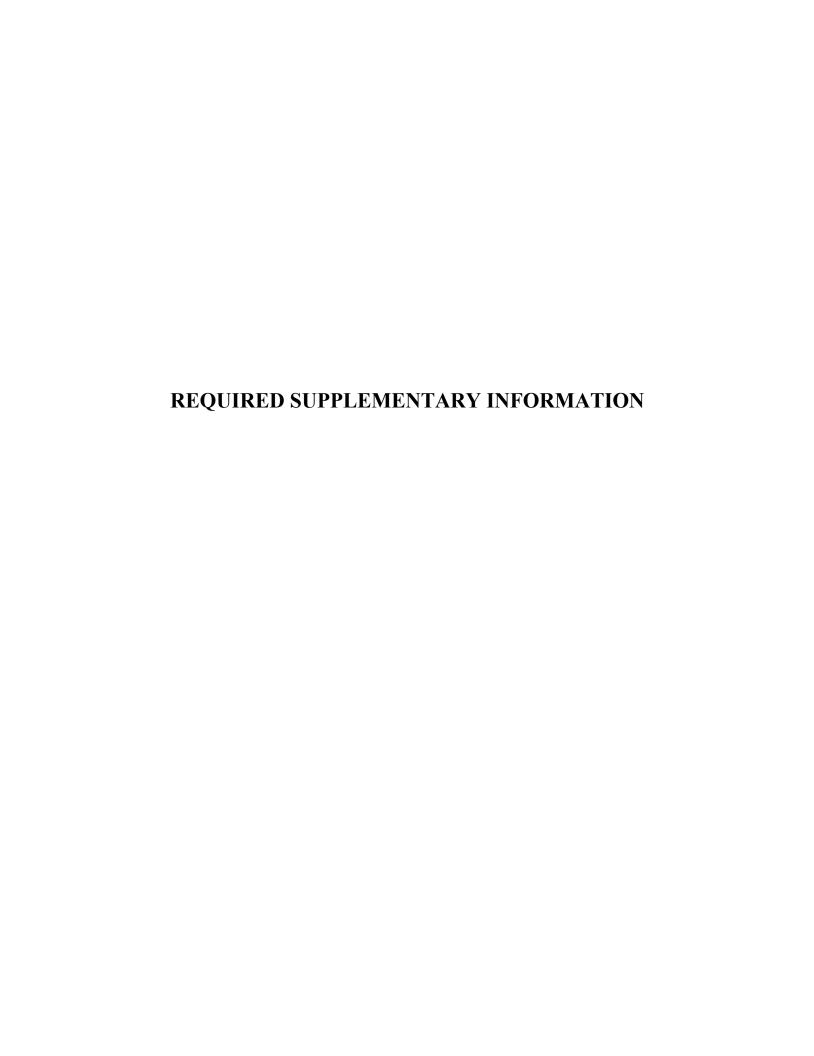
Notes to Basic Financial Statements - Concluded December 31, 2021

NOTE U - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 is as follows:

Changes in Capital Assets		
Voor Ended December 21	2021	

Year Ended December 31, 2021			ASS	SETS	S		A	CCUMULATEI	DEPRECI	ATION		Net Book Value 12/31/21 \$ 50,500	
	Balance 1/1/21	A	dditions]	Deletions	Balance 12/31/21	Balance 1/1/21	Current Provisions	Deduction	Balan ons 12/31/		Book	Value
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES													
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets													
Land	\$ 50,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 50,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- \$	-	\$	50,500
Depreciable Capital Assets													
Buildings and Plants	3,668,631		-		-	3,668,631	2,752,788	91,583		- 2,844	,371	8	324,260
Land Improvements	2,346,988		-		-	2,346,988	962,425	130,380		- 1,092	,805	1,2	254,183
Machinery and Equipment	2,246,084		152,030		48,000	2,350,114	2,060,988	80,438	48,	000 2,093	,426	2	256,688
Vehicles	1,618,664		-		-	1,618,664	1,455,255	50,477		- 1,505	,732	1	112,932
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	9,880,367		152,030		48,000	9,984,397	7,231,456	352,878	48,	7,536	,334	2,4	148,063
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	9,930,867		152,030		48,000	10,034,897	7,231,456	352,878	48,	7,536	,334	2,4	198,563
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES													
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets													
Project in Progress	-		51,628		-	51,628	-	-		-	-		51,628
Depreciable Capital Assets													
Buildings and Plants	8,468,732		-		-	8,468,732	3,219,440	212,018		- 3,431	,458	5,0)37,274
Land Improvements	2,753,649		-		-	2,753,649	1,658,661	139,908		- 1,798	,569	9	955,080
Machinery and Equipment	983,304		98,710		-	1,082,014	925,422	37,415		- 962	,837	1	119,177
Vehicles	37,465		59,447		-	96,912	37,465	9,569		- 47	,034		49,878
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	12,243,150		158,157			12,401,307	5,840,988	398,910		- 6,239	,898	6,1	161,409
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	12,243,150		209,785			12,452,935	5,840,988	398,910		- 6,239	,898	6,2	213,037
TOTAL REPORTING ENTITY	\$ 22,174,017	\$	361,815	\$	48,000	\$ 22,487,832	\$ 13,072,444	\$ 751,788	\$ 48,	900 \$ 13,776	,232	\$ 8,7	711,600
Governmental Function	Governmental Activities												
Depreciation Expense:	Activities												
General Government	\$ 166,148												
Public Safety	130,700												
Services	27,033												
Transportation	28,997												
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 352,878	•											
Total Depreciation Expense	ψ 332,070												



Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Schedule of Funding Progress
December 31, 2021

CITY EMPLOYEES - EMPLOYER NUMBER 00498R

			Actuarial							
			Accrued					UAAL as a		
	Actuarial]	Entry Age	1	Unfunded			Percentage		
Actuarial	Value of		(b)		AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered		
Valuation	Assets		Liability		(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll		
Date	(a)		(AAL)		(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	(b-a)/c)		
12/31/21	\$ 11,054,956	\$	9,601,094	\$	1,453,862	115.14%	\$ 1,259,526	115.43%		
12/31/20	\$ 9,734,909	\$	9,386,447	\$	348,462	103.71%	\$ 1,254,724	27.77%		
12/31/19	\$ 8,866,613	\$	9,225,034	\$	358,421	96.11%	\$ 1,183,207	30.29%		

On a market basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2021 is \$11,054,956. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 115.14%.

The actuarial value of assets and accrued liability cover active and inactive members who have service credit with City of Du Quoin. They do not include amounts for retirees. The actuarial accrued liability for retirees is 100% funded.

IMRF - Multiyear Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios December 31, 2021

Last 10 Calendar Years (Schedule to be built prospectively from 2014)

Calendar Year Ending December 31,	 2021	2020	2019	2018	 2017	2016		2015	2014
Total Pension Liability									
Service Cost	\$ 126,263	\$ 126,737	\$ 137,184	\$ 124,865	\$ 142,918	\$ 148,090	\$	140,775	\$ 142,670
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	664,899	652,378	623,900	592,737	611,608	593,471		563,611	500,732
Benefit Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	(19,386)	(3,211)	198,034	225,600	(300,085)	(80,709)		80,638	270,258
Assumption Changes	-	(34,330)	-	227,257	(269,210)	(18,290)		9,019	304,727
Benefit Payments and Refunds	(557,129)	(580,161)	 (542,011)	(406,529)	(449,107)	(389,500)		(387,393)	(350,648)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	214,647	161,413	417,107	763,930	(263,876)	253,062		406,650	867,739
Total Pension Liability-Beginning	9,386,447	9,225,034	 8,807,927	8,043,997	8,307,873	8,054,811		7,648,161	6,780,422
Total Pension Liability-Ending (a)	\$ 9,601,094	\$ 9,386,447	\$ 9,225,034	\$ 8,807,927	\$ 8,043,997	\$ 8,307,873	\$	8,054,811	 7,648,161
			_	_	_	_			_
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Employer Contributions	\$ 145,979	\$ 148,559	\$ 99,864	\$ 120,368	\$ 154,155	\$ 160,480	\$	160,909	\$ 161,734
Employee Contributions	56,680	56,464	53,244	47,564	55,808	57,035		59,255	99,355
Pension Plan Net Investment Income	1,691,667	1,303,978	1,407,636	(448,775)	1,272,782	479,821		34,282	397,248
Benefit Payments and Refunds	(557,129)	(580,161)	(542,011)	(406,529)	(449,107)	(389,500)		(387,393)	(350,648)
Other	 (17,150)	(60,544)	230,236	167,219	(169,673)	 89,895		69,089	75,221
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	1,320,047	868,296	1,248,969	(520,153)	863,965	397,731		(63,858)	382,910
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-Beginning	 9,734,909	8,866,613	 7,617,644	 8,137,797	7,273,832	 6,876,101		6,939,959	6,557,049
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-Ending (b)	\$ 11,054,956	\$ 9,734,909	\$ 8,866,613	\$ 7,617,644	\$ 8,137,797	\$ 7,273,832	\$	6,876,101	 6,939,959
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Ending (a-b)	\$ (1,453,862)	\$ (348,462)	\$ 358,421	\$ 1,190,283	\$ (93,800)	\$ 1,034,041	\$	1,178,710	\$ 708,202
			_				_		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage									
of Total Pension Liability	115.14%	103.71%	96.11%	86.49%	101.17%	87.55%		85.37%	90.74%
Covered Valuation Payroll	\$ 1,259,526	\$ 1,254,724	\$ 1,183,207	\$ 1,281,603	\$ 1,240,191	\$ 1,263,629	\$	1,316,772	\$ 1,232,057
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll	-115.43%	-27.77%	30.29%	92.87%	-7.56%	81.83%		89.52%	57.48%

IMRF - Multiyear Schedule of Contributions December 31, 2021

Last 10 Calendar Years

Calendar Year Ending December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contrib Defici (Exc	ency	Covered Valuation Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Valuation Payroll
2014	\$ 160,044	\$ 161,734	\$ (1	,690)	\$ 1,232,057	13.13%
2015	160,910	160,910		-	1,316,772	12.22%
2016	160,481	160,481		-	1,263,629	12.70%
2017	154,156	154,156		-	1,240,191	12.43%
2018	156,099	120,368	35	5,731	1,281,603	9.39%
2019	99,863	99,863		-	1,183,207	8.44%
2020	148,559	148,559		-	1,254,724	11.84%
2021	145,979	145,979		-	1,259,526	11.59%



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual GENERAL FUND - All Departments

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Variance With

	Original Budget Final Budget		Actual		Final Budget Positive or (Negative)	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 2,60	5,104	\$ 2,605,104	\$ 2,482,584	\$	(122,520)
Intergovernmental	2,07	4,788	2,074,788	3,156,352		1,081,564
Licenses and Permits	3	6,575	36,575	40,398		3,823
Fines and Penalties	5	55,200	55,200	31,355		(23,845)
Revenues from Services		8,308	8,308	5,741		(2,567)
Interest Income		366	366	515		149
Other	6	52,412	62,412	 7,815,860		7,753,448
Total Revenues	4,84	2,753	4,842,753	13,532,805		8,690,052
Expenditures						
Current						
General Government	1,32	2,048	1,322,048	1,843,855		(521,807)
Public Safety	2,83	3,341	2,833,341	9,146,247		(6,312,906)
Transportation	62	9,957	629,957	682,504		(52,547)
Capital Outlay	8	3,500	83,500	152,030		(68,530)
Debt Service		-	-	459,424		(459,424)
Total Expenditures	4,86	58,846	 4,868,846	 12,284,060		(7,415,214)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(2	26,093)	(26,093)	1,248,745		1,274,838
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating Transfers In		-	-	152,634		152,634
Operating Transfers Out			 <u>-</u>	 (664,045)		(664,045)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			 <u>-</u>	 (511,411)		(511,411)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual

GENERAL FUND - All Departments - Concluded

	Origi	nal Budget	Fina	al Budget	 Actual	Fin Po	iance With al Budget ositive or Vegative)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(26,093)	\$	(26,093)	737,334	\$	763,427
Beginning Fund Balance					949,923		
GAAP Adjustments: Due From State of Illinois Property Tax Receivable Accounts Payable Other Payables Unearned Revenue Total GAAP Adjustments					(61,819) (1,741) (49,205) (2,566) (385,800) (501,131)		
Ending Fund Balance					\$ 1,186,126		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual

GENERAL FUND - Administration Department

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Variance With

			Final Budget Positive or
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
\$ 567,566	\$ 567,566	\$ 612,956	\$ 45,390
392,670	392,670	413,353	20,683
74,220	74,220	45,292	(28,928)
59,429	59,429	46,157	(13,272)
96,253	96,253	129,037	32,784
144,703	144,703	152,676	7,973
1,903	1,903	7,991	6,088
1,767	1,767	1,347	(420)
-	-	555,912	555,912
-	-	137,313	137,313
36,575	36,575	40,398	3,823
200	200	180	(20)
4,588	4,588	5,741	1,153
366	366	515	149
6,753	6,753	7,710,860	7,704,107
1,386,993	1,386,993	9,859,728	8,472,735
266,015	266,015	313,411	(47,396)
20,451	20,451	24,269	(3,818)
28,358	28,358	29,667	(1,309)
338,364	338,364	328,673	9,691
1,250	1,250	1,166	84
5,750	5,750	10,084	(4,334)
37,000	37,000	37,706	(706)
1,500	1,500	8,936	(7,436)
1,900	1,900	1,685	215
50,200	50,200	32,732	17,468
3,000	3,000	3,361	(361)
100	100	222	(122)
2,500	2,500	3,207	(707)
22,500			1,250
			878
15,975	15,975	28,657	(12,682)
	\$ 567,566 392,670 74,220 59,429 96,253 144,703 1,903 1,767 36,575 200 4,588 366 6,753 1,386,993 266,015 20,451 28,358 338,364 1,250 5,750 37,000 1,500 1,900 50,200 3,000 100 2,500 22,500 17,273	\$ 567,566 \$ 567,566 392,670 392,670 74,220 74,220 59,429 59,429 96,253 96,253 144,703 144,703 1,903 1,903 1,767 1,767	\$ 567,566 \$ 567,566 \$ 612,956 392,670 392,670 413,353 74,220 74,220 45,292 59,429 59,429 46,157 96,253 96,253 129,037 144,703 144,703 152,676 1,903 1,903 7,991 1,767 1,767 1,347 555,912 137,313 36,575 36,575 40,398 200 200 180 4,588 4,588 5,741 366 366 515 6,753 6,753 7,710,860 1,386,993 1,386,993 9,859,728 266,015 266,015 313,411 20,451 20,451 24,269 28,358 28,358 29,667 338,364 338,364 328,673 1,250 1,250 1,166 5,750 5,750 5,750 10,084 37,000 37,000 37,006 1,500 1,500 8,936 1,900 1,900 1,685 50,200 50,200 32,732 3,000 3,000 3,361 100 100 222 2,500 2,500 3,207 22,500 22,500 21,250 17,273 17,273 16,395

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual

GENERAL FUND - Administration Department - Concluded For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Variance With

				Final Budget Positive or
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures - Continued				
Current				
General Government				
Rent	75	75	50	25
Projects	15,580	15,580	91,311	(75,731)
Grant Expense	-	-	72,858	(72,858)
Property Maintenance	30,500	30,500	55,166	(24,666)
Recycling	-	-	3,096	(3,096)
Airport	14,000	14,000	15,000	(1,000)
School District Sales Tax	433,278	433,278	513,751	(80,473)
Bank Charges	1,479	1,479	2,535	(1,056)
Other	15,000	15,000	228,667	(213,667)
Capital Outlay	20,000	20,000	-	20,000
Debt Service			445,228	(445,228)
Total Expenditures	1,342,048	1,342,048	2,289,083	(947,035)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$ 44,945	\$ 44,945	\$ 7,570,645	\$ 7,525,700

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual

GENERAL FUND - Civil Defense Department

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)	
Revenues					
Taxes					
Local Sales Tax	\$ 7,747	\$ 7,747	\$ 8,198	\$ 451	
Intergovernmental					
Income Tax	6,766	6,766	8,854	2,088	
Sales Tax	10,171	10,171	11,132	961	
Personal Property Replacement Tax	134	134	666	532	
Federal Operating Grant	18,200	18,200	18,200		
Total Revenues	43,018	43,018	47,050	4,032	
Expenditures					
Current					
Public Safety					
Wages	4,800	4,800	4,800	-	
Payroll Taxes	496	496	486	10	
IMRF Contributions	568	568	47	521	
Clothing	1,000	1,000	_	1,000	
Maintenance	8,907	8,907	14,149	(5,242)	
Utilities	17,702	17,702	10,781	6,921	
Gas/Oil/Grease	500	500	324	176	
Travel	500	500	-	500	
Dues	1,318	1,318	1,103	215	
Supplies	3,225	3,225	9,792	(6,567)	
Other	2,000	2,000	2,771	(771)	
Capital Outlay	2,000	2,000	2,366	(366)	
Total Expenditures	43,016	43,016	46,619	(3,603)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 431	\$ 429	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual GENERAL FUND - Fire Department

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Variance With

				Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Positive or (Negative)
Revenues	Original Budget	Tillal Budget	Actual	(regative)
Taxes				
Property Tax	365,275	365,275	259,437	(105,838)
Local Sales Tax	245,736	245,736	260,026	14,290
Intergovernmental	,	,,	,	,
Income Tax	214,602	214,602	280,836	66,234
Sales Tax	322,627	322,627	353,099	30,472
Personal Property Replacement Tax	31,119	31,119	11,258	(19,861)
Fire Tax	12,250	12,250	14,544	2,294
State Fair	8,000	8,000	3,859	(4,141)
State Capital Grant	-	-	25,300	25,300
Revenues From Services	3,720	3,720		(3,720)
Total Revenues	1,203,329	1,203,329	1,208,359	5,030
Expenditures				
Current				
Public Safety				
Wages	509,792	509,792	537,221	(27,429)
Payroll Taxes	11,555	11,555	12,837	(1,282)
Health Insurance	94,229	94,229	98,270	(4,041)
Pension Contributions	424,384	424,384	4,089,060	(3,664,676)
Clothing	4,500	4,500	4,247	253
Maintenance	56,350	56,350	51,204	5,146
Utilities	8,300	8,300	8,130	170
Gas/Oil/Grease	3,500	3,500	5,272	(1,772)
Postage	200	200	187	13
Professional Fees	2,000	2,000	-	2,000
Publications	750	750	508	242
Travel	8,250	8,250	2,745	5,505
Dues	2,500	2,500	2,983	(483)
Insurance	34,252	34,252	35,244	(992)
Supplies	7,750	7,750	3,037	4,713
Fire Tax Payout	12,250	12,250	14,544	(2,294)
Other	500	500	1,450	(950)
Capital Outlay	54,500	54,500	39,714	14,786
Total Expenditures	1,235,562	1,235,562	4,906,653	(3,671,091)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$ (32,233)	\$ (32,233)	\$ (3,698,294)	\$ (3,666,061)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual GENERAL FUND - Police Department For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Variance With

	Orio	Original Budget I		Final Budget		Actual		Final Budget Positive or (Negative)	
Revenues	0118	smar Baaget		iai Buaget		Tiotaai		(Tregutive)	
Taxes									
Property Tax	\$	321,699	\$	321,699	\$	229,010	\$	(92,689)	
Local Sales Tax	•	371,749	•	371,749	•	393,366	,	21,617	
Intergovernmental		, -		,				,	
Income Tax		324,649		324,649		424,847		100,198	
Sales Tax		488,068		488,068		534,168		46,100	
Personal Property Replacement Tax		6,418		6,418		30,618		24,200	
School Resource Officer		18,840		18,840		8,990		(9,850)	
Fines and Penalties		55,000		55,000		31,175		(23,825)	
Other		900		900		355		(545)	
Total Revenues		1,587,323		1,587,323		1,652,529		65,206	
Expenditures									
Current									
Public Safety									
Wages		921,051		921,051		1,002,959		(81,908)	
Payroll Taxes		34,566		34,566		36,883		(2,317)	
IMRF Contributions		26,494		26,494		25,461		1,033	
Health Insurance		154,100		154,100		160,019		(5,919)	
Pension Contributions		352,789		352,789		2,861,834		(2,509,045)	
Clothing		10,150		10,150		7,762		2,388	
Maintenance		33,850		33,850		29,902		3,948	
Utilities		10,500		10,500		10,241		259	
Gas/Oil/Grease		16,000		16,000		28,926		(12,926)	
Postage		250		250		289		(39)	
Professional Fees		6,000		6,000		4,613		1,387	
Publications		300		300		276		24	
Travel		1,800		1,800		2,673		(873)	
Dues		4,000		4,000		7,270		(3,270)	
Insurance		25,642		25,642		24,633		1,009	
Supplies		12,271		12,271		17,840		(5,569)	
Rent		500		500		368		132	
Other		1,000		1,000		13,106		(12,106)	
Capital Outlay		7,000		7,000		14,800		(7,800)	
Total Expenditures		1,618,263		1,618,263		4,249,855		(2,631,592)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expend	itures \$	(30,940)	\$	(30,940)	\$	(2,597,326)	\$	(2,566,386)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual GENERAL FUND - Street Department For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)	
Revenues								
Taxes								
Property Tax	\$	31,860	\$	31,860	\$	37,915	\$	6,055
Local Sales Tax		167,153		167,153		176,874		9,721
Intergovernmental				•				
Income Tax		145,976		145,976		191,029		45,053
Sales Tax		219,456		219,456		240,184		20,728
Personal Property Replacement Tax		2,886		2,886		14,492		11,606
Other		54,759		54,759		104,645		49,886
Total Revenues	·	622,090		622,090		765,139		143,049
Expenditures								
Current								
Transportation								
Wages		324,539		324,539		287,307		37,232
Payroll Taxes		27,619		27,619		23,929		3,690
IMRF Contribution		31,259		31,259		25,103		6,156
Health Insurance		60,423		60,423		55,668		4,755
Clothing		2,000		2,000		1,540		460
Maintenance		34,000		34,000		98,574		(64,574)
Utilities		54,000		54,000		35,565		18,435
Gas/Oil/Grease		10,000		10,000		25,412		(15,412)
Postage		100		100		151		(51)
Professional Fees		1,000		1,000		159		841
Publications		100		100		-		100
Travel		280		280		-		280
Insurance		21,587		21,587		21,718		(131)
Supplies		41,800		41,800		91,996		(50,196)
Rent		15,000		15,000		13,300		1,700
Projects		5,000		5,000		-		5,000
Other		1,250		1,250		2,082		(832)
Capital Outlay		-		_		95,150		(95,150)
Debt Service						14,196		(14,196)
Total Expenditures		629,957		629,957		791,850		(161,893)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditu	ires \$	(7,867)	\$	(7,867)	\$	(26,711)	\$	(18,844)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual

BUSINESS DISTRICT TAX FUND

	Original Budget Final Budget		 Actual		ance With al Budget sitive or (egative)		
Revenues							
Taxes							
Local Sales Tax	\$	373,160	\$	373,160	\$ 386,677	\$	13,517
Interest Income		700		700	1,234		534
Total Revenues		373,860		373,860	387,911		14,051
Expenditures							
Current							
General Government							
Professional Fees		50,000		50,000	17,158		32,842
Business Developments		312,560		312,560	56,012		256,548
Infrastructure Improvements		_		_	44		(44)
Total Expenditures		362,560		362,560	73,214		289,346
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		11,300		11,300	 314,697		303,397
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Operating Transfers In		_		_	108,088		108,088
Operating Transfers Out		_		_	-		-
operating Transfers out		_		_	 _		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					 108,088		108,088
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	11,300	\$	11,300	422,785	\$	411,485
	-		-		• • • • • • •		
Beginning Fund Balance					369,590		
GAAP Adjustments: Due From State of Illinois					11,590		
Total GAAP Adjustments					 11,590		
					<u> </u>		
Ending Fund Balance					\$ 803,965		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual INVESTMENT POOL FUND

	Original Budget Final Budget		al Budget	Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)		
Revenues								
Intergovernmental		100.011		100.011		1051		
Video Gaming Tax	\$	109,014	\$	109,014	\$	186,157	\$	77,143
Interest Income Other		2,000		2,000		567 19,426		(1,433)
Other						19,420		19,426
Total Revenues		111,014		111,014		206,150		95,136
Expenditures								
Current								
General Government								
Other								
Total Expenditures								
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		111,014		111,014		206,150		95,136
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Operating Transfers In		-		-		500,924		500,924
Operating Transfers Out		-		-				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						500,924		500,924
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	111,014	\$	111,014		707,074	\$	596,060
Beginning Fund Balance						320,033		
GAAP Adjustments:								
Due From State of Illinois						9,708		
Total GAAP Adjustments						9,708		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	1,036,815		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

	Original Budget Final Budget		 Actual		iance With al Budget ositive or Jegative)	
Revenues						
Intergovernmental Motor Fuel Tax Allotments REBUILD IL Allotments Interest Income	\$	170,000 134,202 50	\$ 170,000 134,202 50	\$ 236,926 134,202 125	\$	66,926 - 75
Total Revenues		304,252	 304,252	 371,253		67,001
Expenditures Current Transportation						
MFT Expense		120,000	120,000	196,704		(76,704)
Equipment Rental		110,000	110,000	-		110,000
Sidewalk Materials		20,000	20,000	_		20,000
Sidewalk Labor		20,000	20,000	1,264		18,736
Total Expenditures		270,000	 270,000	 197,968		72,032
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		34,252	 34,252	 173,285		139,033
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating Transfers In		-	-	-		-
Operating Transfers Out		-	 	 (146,724)		(146,724)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(146,724)		(146,724)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	34,252	\$ 34,252	26,561	\$	(7,691)
Beginning Fund Balance				485,330		
GAAP Adjustments: Due From State of Illinois Accounts Payable Total GAAP Adjustments				2,437 8,479 10,916		
Ending Fund Balance				\$ 522,807		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual PARK FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)	
Revenues					
Taxes					
Local Sales Tax	\$ 21,425	\$ 21,425	\$ 18,893	\$ (2,532)	
Intergovernmental					
Income Tax	18,711	18,711	21,409	2,698	
Sales Tax	28,130	28,130	26,188	(1,942)	
Personal Property Tax	370	370	2,013	1,643	
School District Loan Payment	39,029	39,029	39,029	-	
Revenue from Services	26,900	26,900	22,704	(4,196)	
Other	50	50	1,000	950	
Total Revenues	134,615	134,615	131,236	(3,379)	
Expenditures					
Current					
Services					
Wages	49,400	49,400	42,307	7,093	
Payroll Taxes	5,100	5,100	4,284	816	
Maintenance	12,700	12,700	5,173	7,527	
Utilities	10,250	10,250	7,750	2,500	
Postage	50	50	42	8	
Professional Fees	1,800	1,800	-	1,800	
Insurance	2,718	2,718	2,322	396	
Supplies	15,500	15,500	19,600	(4,100)	
Projects	2,600	2,600	50	2,550	
Other	1,000	1,000	-	1,000	
Capital Outlay	15,000	15,000		15,000	
Total Expenditures	116,118	116,118	81,528	34,590	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	18,497	18,497	49,708	31,211	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual

PARK FUND - Concluded

Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out	Origi	nal Budget - -	Fina	al Budget - -	 Actual 54,358	Fina Pos	ance With al Budget sitive or egative) 54,358
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					 54,358		54,358
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	18,497	\$	18,497	104,066	\$	85,569
Beginning Fund Balance					440,501		
GAAP Adjustments: Due From Other Governments Accounts Payable Total GAAP Adjustments					(39,029) (171) (39,200)		
Ending Fund Balance					\$ 505,367		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

December 31, 2021

NOTE A - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City Council follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

A. Budget adoption procedures:

- (1) In accordance with Chapter 2, Article X of the City of Du Quoin Code of Ordinances, prior to January 1, the City Clerk submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing January 1. The City Council is required to adopt a budget prior to the beginning of the fiscal year to which it applies.
- (2) The budget is made available for public inspection for at least 10 days prior to passage.
- (3) At least one public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comment.
- (4) The annual budget may be revised by a 2/3 vote of the members of the council.
- B. The combined statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance budget and actual for the General, Special Revenue and Enterprise Funds present comparisons of legally adopted budgets with actual data.
- C. The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts for the year. The budget is prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance original budget, final budget and actual are prepared on the cash basis of accounting with reconciliation to GAAP figures. This provides a more accurate comparison.
- D. The budget was adopted on December 28, 2020.

NOTE B - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021 the following funds had expenditures in excess of their budget appropriation:

General Fund	\$ 7,415,214
TIF #3 Fund	34,139
Tourism Hotel Tax Fund	 8,674
Total	\$ 7,458,027

The following funds did not have a budget appropriation:

Grant Fund

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Concluded
December 31, 2021

NOTE C - Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the 2021 Contribution Rate

Valuation Date Notes: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which

are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2021 Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method: Aggregate entry age normal

Amortization Method: Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization

Period: Taxing bodies (Regular, SLEP, and ECO groups): 22-year closed period

Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities: a period up to 10 years selected by the Employer

upon adoption of ERI.

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth: 3.25%

Price Inflation: 2.50%

Salary Increases: 3.35% - 14.25%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.25%

Retirement Age: Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last

updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014 to 2016.

Mortality: For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational

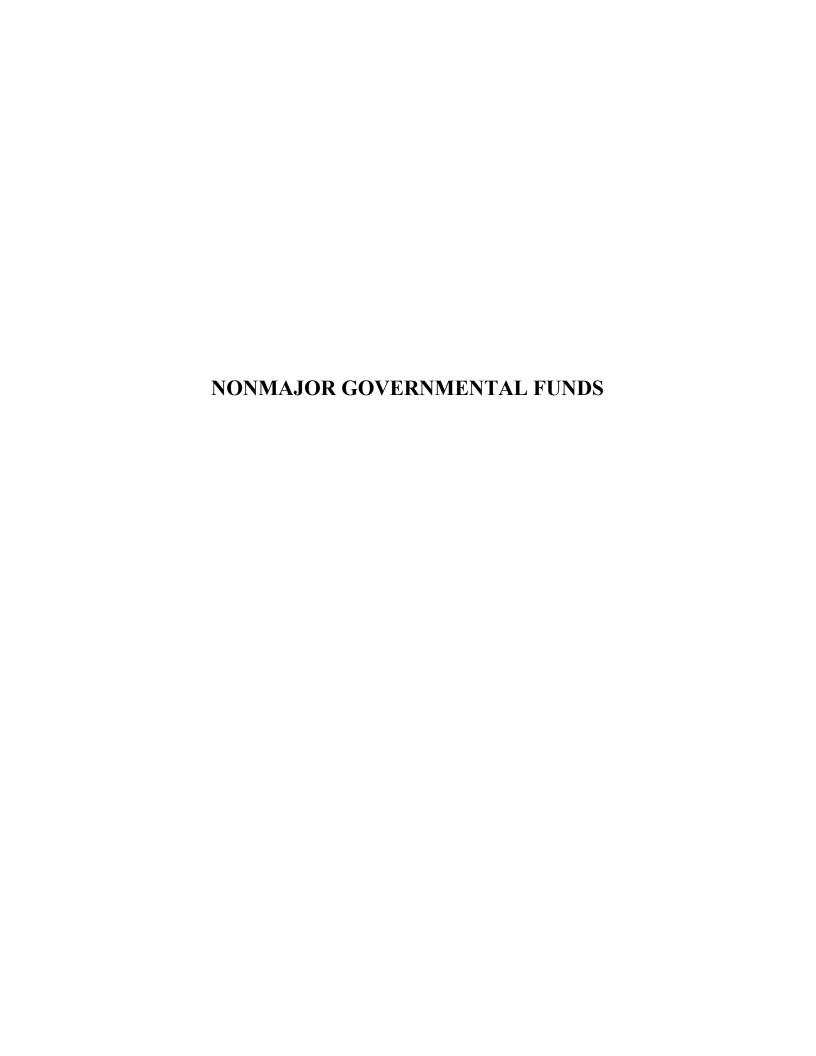
projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustments that were applied to non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match

current IMRF experience.

Other Information Notes: There were no benefit changes during the year.

^{*} Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



Combining Balance Sheet NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2021

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS																	
	Drug Abuse		Grant	Health Grant Insurance Fund Fund		Public Library Fund		Restricted Building		TIF#1		TIF #2 Fund		TIF #3		ourism/ otel Tax	Total Non-Major Funds	
1 1 1 0 10 10 CD	Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	Imp	provement		Fund		Fund	 Fund		Fund		Funds
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources Assets																		
Cash (Restricted)	\$ 94.72	4 :	\$ 250	\$	169,254	\$	120,105	\$	22,224	\$	19,926	\$	23,394	\$ 17,737	\$	8,993	\$	476,607
Investments, at Cost		-	-		-	•	6,877	•	´ -	•	-		-	-	•	-		6,877
Due From State of Illinois	82	3	-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-		823
Property Tax Receivable	-	<u>- </u>	-		-				_					-				
Total Assets	95,54	7	250		169,254		126,982		22,224		19,926		23,394	 17,737		8,993		484,307
Deferred Outflows of Resources																		
None														 				
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 95,54	7 :	\$ 250	\$	169,254	\$	126,982	\$	22,224	\$	19,926	\$	23,394	\$ 17,737	\$	8,993	\$	484,307
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows Resources, and Fund Balance Liabilities																		
Accounts Payable Other Payables	\$ 17	4	\$ -	\$	-	\$	10,388 323	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	10,562 323
Total Liabilities	17	4	<u>-</u>		-		10,711											10,885
Deferred Inflows of Resources None		<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>													-		
Fund Balance																		
Nonspendable		_	_		_		_		_		_		_	_		_		_
Restricted		-	-		169,254		-		22,224		19,926		23,394	17,737		-		252,535
Committed		-	-		-		116,271		-		-		-	-		8,993		125,264
Assigned	95,37	3	250		-		-		-		-		-	-		-		95,623
Unassigned		<u>-</u> -							-					 				-
Total Fund Balance	95,37	3	250		169,254		116,271		22,224		19,926		23,394	 17,737		8,993		473,422
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows		_																
of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 95,54	7 :	\$ 250	\$	169,254	\$	126,982	\$	22,224	\$	19,926	\$	23,394	\$ 17,737	\$	8,993	\$	484,307

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

					SPEC	IAL RI	EVENUE I	UND	S					
	1	Drug Abuse Fund	Grant Fund	Health nsurance Fund	Public Library Fund	В	stricted uilding rovement		TIF #1 Fund		TIF #2 Fund	TIF #3 Fund	ourism/ otel Tax Fund	Total on-Major Funds
Revenues					 					-				
Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 71,397	\$	-	\$	92,603	\$	41,806	\$ 41,740	\$ 31,301	\$ 278,847
Intergovernmental		8,589	29,609	-	27,612		-		-		-	-	-	65,810
Fines and Penalties		31,877	-	-	1,376		-		-		-	-	-	33,253
Revenues from Services		-	-	-	5,030		-		-		-	-	-	5,030
Interest Income		-	-	101	36		9		-		-	-	6	152
Other			 	 	 3,432						2,400	 	 -	 5,832
Total Revenues		40,466	 29,609	 101	 108,883		9		92,603		44,206	 41,740	 31,307	 388,924
Expenditures Current														
General Government		-	29,609	13,320	-		-		133,179		32,617	44,639	32,034	285,398
Public Safety		12,259	-	-	-		-		-		-	-	-	12,259
Services		-	-	-	115,635		-		-		-	-	-	115,635
Transportation		-	-	-	-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay		-	-	-	-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Debt Service			 	 	 							 	 -	
Total Expenditures		12,259	 29,609	 13,320	 115,635				133,179		32,617	 44,639	 32,034	 413,292
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		28,207	-	(13,219)	(6,752)		9		(40,576)		11,589	(2,899)	(727)	(24,368)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers In		675	-	-	- ((54)		-		22,975		-	- (22,075)	-	23,650
Operating Transfers Out			 	 	 (654)							 (22,975)	 	 (23,629)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		675	 	 	 (654)		-		22,975			(22,975)	 -	 21
Net Change in Fund Balance		28,882	-	(13,219)	(7,406)		9		(17,601)		11,589	(25,874)	(727)	(24,347)
Beginning Fund Balance		66,491	 250	 182,473	 123,677		22,215		37,527		11,805	 43,611	 9,720	 497,769
Ending Fund Balance	\$	95,373	\$ 250	\$ 169,254	\$ 116,271	\$	22,224	\$	19,926	\$	23,394	\$ 17,737	\$ 8,993	\$ 473,422

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual DRUG ABUSE FUND

	Original Budget Fin		Final Budget			Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)		
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	_		_		_		_		
Sales Tax	\$	-	\$	- 	\$	7,766	\$	7,766	
Fines and Penalties		46,400		46,400		31,877		(14,523)	
Total Revenues		46,400		46,400		39,643		(6,757)	
Expenditures									
Current									
Public Welfare									
Maintenance		1,000		1,000		<u>-</u>		1,000	
Supplies		8,000		8,000		3,818		4,182	
Drug Fund		11,500		11,500		8,326		3,174	
DUI Fund		3,500		3,500		510		2,990	
Capital Outlay		9,300		9,300				9,300	
Total Expenditures		33,300		33,300		12,654		20,646	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over									
Expenditures		13,100		13,100		26,989		13,889	
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)									
Operating Transfers In		-		-		675		675	
Operating Transfers Out									
Total Other Financing Sources/ (Uses)						675		675	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	13,100	\$	13,100		27,664	\$	14,564	
Beginning Fund Balance						66,491			
GAAP Adjustments: Accounts Payable Total GAAP Adjustments						1,218 1,218			
F. H. F. 18.					ф	05.050			
Ending Fund Balance					\$	95,373			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual HEALTH INSURANCE FUND

	Original I	ginal Budget Final Budget Actual					Fina Pos	ance With al Budget sitive or egative)
Revenues Interest Income	\$	25	¢	25	¢	101	¢	66
Interest income	3	35	\$	35	\$	101	\$	66
Total Revenues		35		35		101	1	66
Expenditures Current General Government								
Health Insurance Reimbursements	3	7,500		37,500		13,320		24,180
Total Expenditures	3	7,500		37,500		13,320		24,180
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		35		35		(13,219)		24,246
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out		- -		- -		- -		- -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (3	7,465)	\$	(37,465)		(13,219)	\$	24,246
Beginning Fund Balance						182,473		
GAAP Adjustments: None						<u>-</u>		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	169,254		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual PUBLIC LIBRARY FUND

	Original Budget Final Budget						Fin Po	ance With al Budget sitive or
D	Origi	nal Budget	Fin	al Budget		Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues								
Taxes	ф	70.000	Φ	70.000	Ф	70.200	ф	200
Property Tax	\$	79,000	\$	79,000	\$	79,288	\$	288
Intergovernmental		5.100		7.100		16015		11 115
Personal Property Replacement Tax		5,100		5,100		16,215		11,115
Federal Operating Grant		2,000		2,000		2,386		386
State Operating Grant		7,150		7,150		9,011		1,861
Fines and Penalties		2,000		2,000		1,376		(624)
Revenue from Services		6,925		6,925		5,030		(1,895)
Interest Income		125		125		36		(89)
Other		5,500		5,500		3,432		(2,068)
Total Revenues		107,800		107,800		116,774		8,974
Expenditures								
Current								
Services								
Wages		48,500		48,500		47,487		1,013
Payroll Taxes		6,650		6,650		4,411		2,239
IMRF		3,500		3,500		3,349		151
Health Insurance		11,000		11,000		10,954		46
Maintenance		10,585		10,585		10,877		(292)
Postage		350		350		191		159
Supplies		1,950		1,950		1,762		188
Databases		100		100		561		(461)
Books/Magazines		11,400		11,400		9,788		1,612
Audio/Visual		2,000		2,000		220		1,780
Grants		9,000		9,000		10,271		(1,271)
Donations		1,500		1,500		4,219		(2,719)
Other		1,450		1,450		1,145		305
Total Expenditures		107,985		107,985		105,235		2,750
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over								
Expenditures		(185)		(185)		11,539		11,724

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual PUBLIC LIBRARY FUND - Concluded For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Origin	nal Budget	Final	Budget	Actual	Fina Po	ance With al Budget sitive or egative)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out		- -		<u>-</u>	(654)		- (654)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					(654)		(654)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(185)	\$	(185)	10,885	\$	11,070
Beginning Fund Balance					123,677		
GAAP Adjustments: Property Tax Receivable Accounts Payable Other Payables Total GAAP Adjustments					(7,891) (10,388) (12) (18,291)		
Ending Fund Balance					\$ 116,271		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual

RESTRICTED BUILDING IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Original Budget			al Budget	Ac	etual	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)		
Revenues Interest Income	\$	15	\$	15	\$	9	\$	(6)	
Total Revenues		15		15		9		(6)	
Expenditures Current General Government									
Other		4,000		4,000				4,000	
Total Expenditures		4,000		4,000				4,000	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(3,985)		(3,985)		9		3,994	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out		- -		- -		- -		- -	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(3,985)	\$	(3,985)		9	\$	3,994	
Beginning Fund Balance						22,215			
GAAP Adjustments: None Total GAAP Adjustments						<u>-</u>			
Ending Fund Balance					\$	22,224			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual TIF #1 FUND

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)		
Revenues									
Taxes									
Property Tax	\$	99,657	\$	99,657	\$	95,044	\$	(4,613)	
Total Revenues		99,657		99,657		95,044		(4,613)	
Expenditures Current General Government									
Business Developments		79,100		79,100		133,179		(54,079)	
Infrastructure Improvements		55,000		55,000		133,179		55,000	
infrastructure improvements		33,000	-	33,000			-	33,000	
Total Expenditures		134,100		134,100		133,179		921	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over									
Expenditures		(34,443)		(34,443)		(38,135)		(3,692)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out		- -		- -		22,975		22,975	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				<u>-</u>		22,975		22,975	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(34,443)	\$	(34,443)		(15,160)	\$	19,283	
Beginning Fund Balance						37,527			
GAAP Adjustments: Property Tax Receivable Total GAAP Adjustments						(2,441) (2,441)			
Ending Fund Balance					\$	19,926			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual TIF #2 FUND

						Fina	ance With al Budget
	Origi	nal Budget	Fin	al Budget	Actual		sitive or egative)
Revenues	91181	nar Buragu		ar Buaget			- Garrey
Taxes							
Property Tax	\$	42,771	\$	42,771	\$ 42,386	\$	(385)
Other		-			 2,400		2,400
Total Revenues		42,771		42,771	 44,786		2,015
Expenditures							
Current							
General Government Business Developments					32,017		(32,017)
Infrastructure Improvements		39,889		39,889	600		39,289
initiastractare improvements		37,007		37,007	 		37,207
Total Expenditures		39,889		39,889	 32,617		7,272
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over							
Expenditures		2,882		2,882	12,169		9,287
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Operating Transfers In		-		-	-		-
Operating Transfers Out					 		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				_	 _		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	2,882	\$	2,882	12,169	\$	9,287
Beginning Fund Balance					11,805		
GAAP Adjustments:							
Property Tax Receivable					(580)		
Total GAAP Adjustments					(580)		
Ending Fund Balance					\$ 23,394		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual

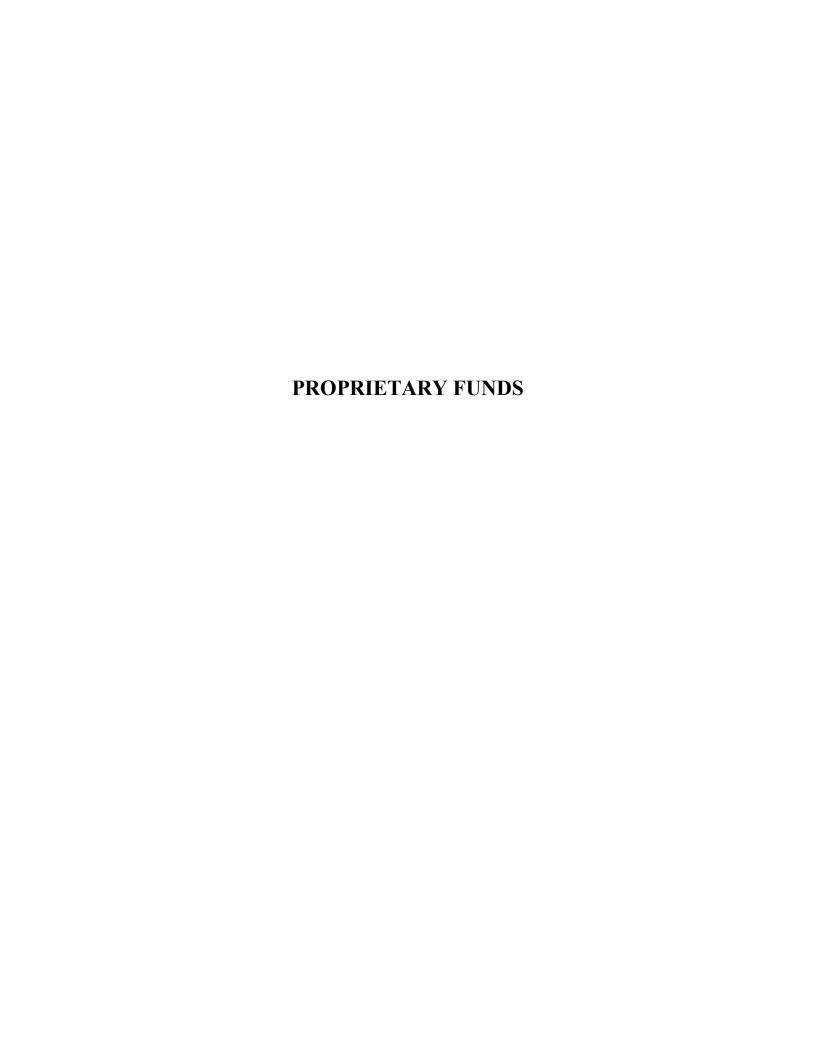
TIF #3 FUND

D	Original Budget			al Budget	 Actual	Fina Pos	ance With al Budget sitive or egative)
Revenues Taxes							
Property Tax	\$	42,061	\$	42,061	\$ 41,740	\$	(321)
Total Revenues		42,061		42,061	41,740		(321)
Expenditures Current Other							
Business Developments Infrastructure Improvements		10,500		10,500	25,750 18,889		(15,250) (18,889)
Total Expenditures		10,500		10,500	 44,639		(34,139)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		31,561		31,561	(2,899)		(34,460)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out		- -		- -	(22,975)		(22,975)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					 (22,975)		(22,975)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	31,561	\$	31,561	(25,874)	\$	(57,435)
Beginning Fund Balance					43,611		
GAAP Adjustments: None Total GAAP Adjustments					 <u>-</u>		
Ending Fund Balance					\$ 17,737		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual TOURISM HOTEL TAX FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)	
Revenues								
Taxes								
Hotel Tax	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	31,301	\$	6,301
Interest Income				-		6		6
Total Revenues		25,000		25,000		31,307		6,307
Expenditures								
Corrent								
General Government Du Quoin Chamber of Commerce		25,000		25,000		33,674		(9 674)
Du Quoin Chamber of Commerce		23,000		23,000		33,074	-	(8,674)
Total Expenditures		25,000		25,000		33,674		(8,674)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over								
Expenditures		-		_		(2,367)		(2,367)
•								
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)								
Operating Transfers In		-		-		-		-
Operating Transfers Out				-		-		
Total Other Financing Sources/ (Uses)								
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$	_		(2,367)	\$	(2,367)
Beginning Fund Balance						9,720		
GAAP Adjustments:								
Accounts Payable						1,640		
Total GAAP Adjustments						1,640		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	8,993		



Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual

WATERWORKS & SEWAGE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Variance With

	0::10:14	E' 1D-1 4	A 4 - 1	Final Budget Positive or	
Operating Revenues	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)	
Water and Sewer Revenue	\$ 2,603,434	\$ 2,603,434	\$ 2,764,006	\$ 160,572	
Leachate Processing	12,065	12,065	12,843	778	
Tap-on Fees	27,797	27,797	21,867	(5,930)	
Reconnect Fees	23,142	23,142	26,151	3,009	
Total Operating Revenues	2,666,438	2,666,438	2,824,867	158,429	
Operating Expenses					
Water					
Wages	350,908	350,908	341,373	9,535	
Payroll Taxes	29,223	29,223	27,807	1,416	
IMRF Contributions	41,122	41,122	37,265	3,857	
Health Insurance	96,347	96,347	82,059	14,288	
Clothing	3,000	3,000	2,340	660	
Maintenance	139,059	139,059	45,250	93,809	
Utilities	7,210	7,210	8,602	(1,392)	
Gas/Oil/Grease	8,640	8,640	13,270	(4,630)	
Postage	13,500	13,500	14,240	(740)	
Professional Fees	65,100	65,100	42,002	23,098	
Publications	200	200	76	124	
Travel	450	450	974	(524)	
Dues	2,850	2,850	2,457	393	
Insurance	29,802	29,802	29,696	106	
Supplies	72,936	72,936	129,033	(56,097)	
Water Purchases	541,795	541,795	565,507	(23,712)	
Rent	33,120	33,120	-	33,120	
Projects	53,278	53,278	43,106	10,172	
Bank Charges	14,000	14,000	16,566	(2,566)	
Other	9,600	9,600	6,457	3,143	
Water Pollution Control Plant					
Wages	210,104	210,104	223,876	(13,772)	
Payroll Taxes	17,113	17,113	17,746	(633)	
IMRF Contributions	24,351	24,351	24,120	231	
Health Insurance	35,007	35,007	33,744	1,263	
Clothing	1,500	1,500	1,501	(1)	
Maintenance	73,900	73,900	44,074	29,826	
Utilities	106,710	106,710	96,118	10,592	
Gas/Oil/Grease	3,000	3,000	6,401	(3,401)	
Postage	300	300	207	93	
Professional Fees	19,200	19,200	1,578	17,622	
Publications	100	100	72	28	
Travel	1,125	1,125	175	950	
Dues	500	500	290	210	
Permits	16,000	16,000	15,000	1,000	
Insurance	78,289	78,289	77,271	1,018	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual

WATERWORKS & SEWAGE FUND - Concluded

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Variance With

				Final Budget
				Positive or
0 4 5	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Operating Expenses				
Water Pollution Control Plant	96 590	96 590	01.059	(4.470)
Supplies Chemicals	86,580 27,350	86,580 27,350	91,058 7,789	(4,478) 19,561
Other	500	500	22,642	(22,142)
Capital Outlay	44,599	44,599	158,157	(113,558)
Debt Service	44,399	44,399	34,099	(34,099)
Debt Service				(34,099)
Total Operating Expenses	2,258,368	2,258,368	2,263,998	(5,630)
Operating Income (Loss)	408,070	408,070	560,869	152,799
Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses)				
Debt Issuance	-	_	138,157	138,157
Interest Expense	-	-	(8,191)	(8,191)
Grant Income	490,000	490,000	1,798	(488,202)
Grant Expense	(490,000)	(490,000)		490,000
Total Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses)			131,764	131,764
Operating Transfers				
Operating Transfers In	-	-	-	-
Operating Transfers Out		-	(566,142)	(566,142)
Total Operating Transfers			(566,142)	(566,142)
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 408,070	\$ 408,070	126,491	\$ (281,579)
Beginning Net Position			1,171,394	
GAAP Adjustments:				
Accounts Receivable			38,458	
Accounts Payable			2,873	
Other Payables			(453)	
Accrued Absences			3,510	
Capital Outlay			158,157	
Depreciation Expense			(75,869)	
Debt Issuance			(138,157)	
Debt Service			34,099	
Total GAAP Adjustments			22,618	
Ending Net Position			\$ 1,320,503	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

101	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)	
Operating Expenses Debt Service	\$	394,859	\$ 394,859	\$	395,115	\$	(256)	
Total Operating Expenses		394,859	394,859		395,115		(256)	
Operating Income (Loss)		(394,859)	 (394,859)		(395,115)		(256)	
Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses) Interest Income Interest Expense		150 (66,655)	150 (66,655)		43 (66,397)		(107) 258	
Total Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses)		(66,505)	 (66,505)		(66,354)		151	
Operating Transfers Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out		- -	 - -		559,561 -		559,561 -	
Total Operating Transfers			 		559,561		559,561	
Net Income (Loss)	\$	(461,364)	\$ (461,364)		98,092	\$	559,456	
Beginning Net Position					3,250,790			
GAAP Adjustments: Debt Service Depreciation Expense Total GAAP Adjustments					395,115 (323,041) 72,074			
Ending Net Position				\$	3,420,956			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Original Budget, Final Budget, and Actual

WATER METER DEPOSIT FUND

101	Original Budget Final Budget Actual				Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)		
Operating Revenues	 		8				<u> </u>
Meter Deposits	\$ 20,000	\$	20,000	\$	12,450	\$	(7,550)
Total Operating Revenues	 20,000		20,000		12,450		(7,550)
Operating Expenses							
Meter Deposit Refunds	 9,000		9,000		12,855		(3,855)
Total Operating Expenses	9,000		9,000		12,855		(3,855)
Operating Income/(Loss)	11,000		11,000		(405)		(11,405)
Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses)							
Interest Income	15		15		43		28
Miscellaneous Expenses	-		-		(37)		(37)
Total Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses)	15		15		6		(9)
Operating Transfers							
Operating Transfers In	-		-		1,325		1,325
Operating Transfers Out	 						
Total Operating Transfers					1,325		1,325
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 11,015	\$	11,015		926	\$	(10,089)
Beginning Net Position					5,420		
GAAP Adjustments: Other Payables					405		
Ending Net Position				\$	6,751		

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

FINDING 1: 2021-01 Uncollateralized cash held at banks.

(Repeated From Prior Year) (Significant Deficiency)

Criteria: Cash on deposit held at banks is FDIC insured up to \$250,000. All amounts held above that

amount should be collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust

department or agent in the City's name.

Condition: Currently, the City has cash on deposit with banks that exceed the FDIC insured limits. While

the bank does have pledged securities for the City's deposits, the coverage amount is not sufficient. This leaves the City's assets at risk of potential losses in the event of a bank or

institutional failure.

Cause: The City has not monitored the balances of cash on deposit at the banks.

Effect or

Potential Effect: In the event of a bank or institutional failure, the uncollateralized deposits held at the banks

could present a substantial loss for the City.

Recommendation: The City and the banks should examine, on a monthly basis, their cash on deposit. Any

amounts held over the FDIC insured limit should be collateralized with securities held by the

pledging institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.

Management

Response: Management agrees with the finding. The City will contact the banks to establish pledged

securities to cover deposits held over the FDIC insured limits.

FINDING 2: 2021-02 Accurate Transactions in the Cash Receipts Journal

(Repeated From Prior Year) (Significant Deficiency)

Criteria: Cash receipts need to be classified in the correct revenue account and within the correct fund.

Condition: Several errors in account classification made in the cash receipts process caused numerous

reclassification entries to be made.

Cause: Revenue entries are structed so that amounts are improperly allocated among funds.

Effect or

Potential Effect: Proper account classifications are critical to producing accurate financial statements from

which informed business decisions can be made. The correcting entries that need to be made

to correct previous mistakes wastes time and should be avoided.

Recommendation: Accurate account classifications should be made at the start of the cash receipts process with

few, if any, exceptions. We suggest that steps be taken to implement procedures that ensure

the accuracy of all transactions at their origin.

Management

Response: Management is aware of the classification errors. They will discuss the matter with each

department and make the recommended changes.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs - Concluded

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

FINDING 3: 2021-03 Outstanding Deposits and Checks

(Material Weakness)

Criteria: Each month, the City should review any and all outstanding items for accurate reconciliations.

Condition: At the time of our audit, there were several large deposits and checks that had been outstanding

for several months.

Cause: The City has not established adequate controls to review all outstanding items for each monthly

bank reconciliation.

Effect or

Potential Effect: Failure to track outstanding deposits and checks is an internal control deficiency and could

result in material misstatements and fraud within the cash accounts.

Recommendation: We suggest that an accurate outstanding deposit and check list be kept for each bank account

and periodic review of the lists be performed on a monthly basis.

Management

Response: Management agrees with the finding. The City will discuss the matter with each department

and make the recommended changes.

FINDING 4: 2021-04 Accurate General Ledger

(Material Weakness)

Criteria: The general ledger should be comprised of accurate account balances that are reconciled each

month.

Condition: We noted that all account balances require extensive reconciliation and outside corroboration

to finalize financial information that is reliable.

Cause: The software system allows for a one-sided entry. Personnel do not have a thorough

understanding of required entries for fund related accounting.

Effect or

Potential Effect: This has caused significant delays in producing financial statements at the end of each

accounting period. This lack of reconciliation and the need for outside corroboration will continue to cause delays in the financial statements as well as allow for possible irregularities,

including fraud, to exist and continue without notice.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City immediately reconcile the backlog of account balances and make

future reconciliation of accounts on a consistent basis.

Management

Response: Management is aware of the errors. They will discuss the matter with each department and

make the recommended changes.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

FINDING 01:2020-01 Uncollateralized cash held at banks.

(Significant Deficiency)

Condition: Currently, the City has cash on deposit with banks that exceed the FDIC insured limits. Further,

neither the banks nor the City hold adequate pledged securities to insure these deposits. This leaves the City's assets at risk of potential losses in the event of a bank or institutional failure.

Current Status: Management agrees with the finding. While the City had the bank establish pledged securities

on their deposits held at the bank, the coverage amount was not sufficient. The City will discuss

this issue with the bank to ensure sufficient coverage throughout the year.

FINDING 02:2020-02 Financial Statements and Footnotes Must be Drafted by Management

(Significant Deficiency)

Condition: Several errors in account classification made in the cash receipts process caused numerous

reclassification entries to be made.

Current Status: Not corrected.



Corrective Action Plan

FINDING 1: 2021-01

Condition: Currently, the City has cash on deposit with banks that exceed the FDIC insured limits. While the bank

does have pledged securities for the City's deposits, the coverage amount is not sufficient. This leaves

the City's assets at risk of potential losses in the event of a bank or institutional failure.

Plan: The City will contact the banks to establish pledged securities to cover deposits held over the FDIC

insured limits.

Anticipated Date of Completion: Unknown

Name of Contact Person: Ruth Hale, City Clerk

Management Response: Management agrees with the finding. The City will contact the banks to establish

pledged securities to cover deposits held over the FDIC insured limits.



Corrective Action Plan

FINDING 2: 2021-02

Condition: Several errors in account classification made in the cash receipts process caused numerous reclassification

entries to be made.

Plan: The City is restructuring the revenue entries so that each receipt is properly allocated and posted in the

correct funds.

Anticipated Date of Completion: Unknown

Name of Contact Person: Ruth Hale, City Clerk

Management Response: Management is aware of the classification errors. They will discuss the matter

with each department and make the recommended changes.



Corrective Action Plan

FINDING 2: 2021-03

Condition: At the time of our audit, there were several large deposits and checks that had been outstanding for several

months.

Plan: The City will begin reviewing each outstanding item every month when the bank reconciliations are

performed.

Anticipated Date of Completion: Unknown

Name of Contact Person: Ruth Hale, City Clerk

Management Response: Management agrees with the finding. The City will discuss the matter with each

department and make the recommended changes.



Corrective Action Plan

FINDING 4: 2021-04

Condition: We noted that all account balances require extensive reconciliation and outside corroboration to finalize

financial information that is reliable.

Plan: The City will immediately reconcile the backlog of account balances and make future reconciliation of

accounts on a consistent basis.

Anticipated Date of Completion: Unknown

Name of Contact Person: Ruth Hale, City Clerk

Management Response: Management is aware of the errors. They will discuss the matter with each

department and make the recommended changes.